BCT标准教程

主编: 张 洁/Lead Editor: Zhang Jie



B C T STANDARD COURSE





商务汉语考试(Business Chinese Test, BCT)是一项国际汉语能力标准化 考试,重点考查汉语非第一语言学习者在真实商务或一般工作情景中运用汉语 进行交际的能力,并对其能够完成的语言任务进行评价。商务汉语考试由BCT (A)、BCT(B)和BCT口语组成。

Business Chinese Test (BCT) is an international standardized test to measure the ability of non-native Chinese speakers to use the Chinese language in the real business or common working environment, and evaluate the language tasks they are able to complete. BCT consists of BCT (A), BCT (B) and BCT Speaking Test.



国家汉办官方认证 Officially Certified by Hanban



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图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

BCT 标准教程. 第1册/张洁主编. —北京: 人民教育出版社, 2015.11

ISBN 978-7-107-29685-7

I. ① B··· II. ①张 ··· III. ①商务— 汉语— 对外汉语 教学— 水平考试— 教材 IV. ① H195. 4

中国版本图书馆CIP数据核字(2015)第265031号

人民為主政的社 出版发行

网址: http://www.pep.com.cn

北京盛通印刷股份有限公司印装 全国新华书店经销 2015年11月第1版 2017年1月第2次印刷

开本: 787毫米×1092毫米 1/16 印张:11 字数: 220千字 定价: 40.00元

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Printed in the People's Republic of China

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移动终端课程技术支持: 北京汉通鼎盛科技有限公司

前言

商务汉语考试(BCT)重点考查汉语非第一语言考生在真实商务情境或一般工作情境中运用汉语进行交际的能力,并对其能够完成的语言任务进行评价。考试遵循"以用为本、听说导向、能力为重、定位职场"的原则,自2013年推出后,得到广大商务汉语教学者和学习者的关注与认可。为满足移动互联时代人们在"任何地方"于"任何时间"学习的需求,我们结合商务汉语学习者的学习特点和多年的商务汉语教学经验以及语言测试研究心得,以《商务汉语能力标准》为纲,研发了这套商务汉语系列教材——《BCT标准教程》,希望能在语言教学中真正实现"考教结合""以考促教""以考促学"。

一、编写理念

教程主要面向工作生活节奏快、完整时间少、零散时间多、难以进入正式课堂学习但有 强烈工作和职业需求的商务汉语学习者,以及所有希望学习汉语、了解中国的国际朋友。

1. 以学习者为中心、强调"听说领先、读写跟进"的理念。

教程的主要目的是提高学习者的商务汉语听说交际能力,并在提高听说交际能力的同时, 逐步提高读写能力。

2. 融入交际法、主题式教学法和任务型教学的核心理念。

在编写时,强调语言表达的得体性和语境的作用,强调语言的真实性及在任务完成的过程中学习语言,强调内容的丰富性和多样性,以促使学习者在不同情境下运用语言完成一系列任务,提高汉语交际能力。

3. 贯彻形成性评价与终结性评价相结合的理念。

本系列教程为学习者提供了贯穿始终的形成性评价,并在课程结束时提供了终结性评价, 更好地推动了"考教结合""以考促教""以考促学"。

二、教材特色

1. 以《商务汉语能力标准》为纲. 循序渐进。

在遵循汉语国际教育理念的基础上,教程既考虑了课堂教学的需要,又符合学习者自学的需求。海内外教学机构、学习者可以根据自身的实际情况以及学时来调整每册书完成的时间。

《商务汉语能力标准》共分为五个等级。教程在充分解读标准的基础上,以《BCT (A)词汇表》和《BCT (B)词汇表》的词汇要求为前提,系统设计了各等级的范围。

教材分册	教学目标	词汇量(词)
教程 1	商务汉语能力标准一级	200
教程 2	商务汉语能力标准二级	400
教程 3	商务汉语能力标准三级	600
教程 4	商务汉语能力标准四级	1500
教程 5	商务汉语能力标准五级	3000

2. 学习形式碎片化、内容系统化。

商务汉语的学习者更多地是在工作、生活的间隙完成学习的。在内容安排上,每一课中的每一模块内容的学习时间不超过5分钟,既保证了学习内容的碎片化,又保证了学习内容的系统化,还充分考虑了循序渐进的难度要求。

3. 配有相应的课程测试。

学习者可以参加相应的课程考试。完成课程学习并通过商务汉语课程考试者,可获得由国家汉办颁发的商务汉语课程学习证明。一般来说,按要求学完本教程第一、二、三级,可通过BCT(A)考试,学完本教程第四、五级,可通过BCT(B)考试。

4. 同步推出移动终端数字学习版本。

学习者可通过手机等移动终端自行下载,同步进行学习和评估,完成对学习的管理与跟踪。目前已实现智能语音打分和游戏化语言闯关等项功能。

最后,编写组特别感谢孔子学院总部/国家汉办、汉考国际(CTI)和人民教育出版社的大力支持与参与,感谢国家汉办考试处、汉考国际全体研发人员和人民教育出版社有关领导与编辑人员所付出的辛劳和智慧。欢迎使用本教程的师生及时反馈意见和建议,以便我们再版时进一步完善。让我们为研发真正有用好用的商务汉语学习资源而共同努力!

编写组 2015年1月

Preface

Business Chinese Test (BCT) is designed to assess the Chinese communication competence of non-native speakers in business situations and the language tasks they can accomplish doing business. BCT follows user-oriented, listening and speaking oriented, capability-oriented and occupation-oriented principles. Since BCT launched in 2013 it has obtained more and more attention and recognition from teachers and learners of business Chinese. In order to fulfill the learning needs in the mobile internet era when everyone can receive many different kinds of education anytime and anywhere, this series of business Chinese course books *BCT standard Course* has been developed. Based on *Business Chinese Proficiency Standards*, with rich teaching experience, full considerations of learners, and testing and teaching research experience, these books are expected to combine teaching and promote learning by different types testing.

I Concept of the compilation

The target readers of this series are learners who have a busy schedule may find it difficult to receive formal education in the classroom, but who still have strong learning needs for career development, and international friends who hope to learn Chinese and explore China.

 Stressing a student-centered concept, and putting listening and speaking first, with reading and writing to follow.

This series of books are originally designed to improve the learner's business Chinese listening and speaking skills and at the same time gradually improve their reading and writing ability.

2. Integrating the essential ideas of a communicative approach, theme-based teaching and task-based language teaching.

The compilation stresses appropriateness and authenticity of the language, richness and diversity of the content, and emphasizes the functions of the

language context through tasks in order to simulate learners to use the language to accomplish the tasks and improve their communicative abilities.

3. Implementing the idea of combination of formative assessments and summative assessments.

This series of books provide formative assessment through the learning process and summative assessment at the end of each course which is aimed at promoting the combination of teaching and promote learning by testing.

II Features of this series

1. The books are based on *Business Chinese Competency Standards* and written for different levels.

Following the international Chinese education concept, this series of books are not only fit for teaching but also useful for self-learning. Teaching institutions at home and abroad as well as self-learners can adjust their learning time accordingly.

Business Chinese Competency Standards includes 5 levels. Based on BCT (A) Vocabulary Outline and BCT (B) Vocabulary Outline, the teaching objectives and vocabulary of this series of books are designed as follow:

Textbook Volume	Teaching Objectives	Vocabulary
Book 1	Business Chinese Proficiency Standards Level 1	200
Book 2	Business Chinese Proficiency Standards Level 2	400
Book 3	Business Chinese Proficiency Standards Level 3	600
Book 4	Business Chinese Proficiency Standards Level 4	1500
Book 5	Business Chinese Proficiency Standards Level 5	3000

2. The learning content is systematic and fragmented.

Learners of business Chinese usually study in a fragmented time. As to the content arrangement, learning time for every unit is less than 5 minutes, which guarantees fragmented and systematic learning to reach the requirement of gradual improvement.

3. Every volume is matched with a corresponding test.

Learners can take the course tests according to this series. The learners who finish the course and pass the tests can get a study certificate of Business Chinese Course awarded by Hanban. In general learners who study the book 1, 2 and 3 can pass BCT (A) and learners who study the book 4 and 5 can pass the new BCT (B).

4. The digital version of the textbooks is also offered.

Learners can download the App by mobile phone or other mobile device. It can be used as the tool for learning and assessment and it can also manage and track the learning process. At present, intelligent, real-time scoring algorithms and game-like challenges, intelligent voice assessing, and language games have been uploaded.

At the end of this preface, the editorial committee would like to acknowledge the Confucius Institute Headquarters (Hanban), the Chinese Test International (CTI) and the People's Education Press for their strong support. In the meantime, thanks to the hard work and wisdom of all the participants including the leaders, the editors, the developers of the Hanban, the CTI and the press. We are eager to receive feedback from teachers and learners, in order to further perfect and make this series of books a useful business Chinese learning resource.

本册说明

《BCT标准教程》(第1册)适合汉语零基础的商务人士及汉语学习者学习使用。

本册教程的编写遵循《商务汉语能力标准》及《BCT(A)大纲》,从中选定20个商务交际活动主题及200个词汇作为教学目标。全书共20课。每课围绕一个商务交际活动主题设计,包括对话、短文、词语和练习四个部分。建议每课2~3个课时。

一、对话

每课在一个商务交际活动主题下,展开五个不同情境中的对话,每段对话控制在1~4个话轮。每段对话多设置2~4个生词,对话内容的编写力求贴近真实商务交际语境,反复操练重点句型和生词,且生词在不同情境下进行复现。这样,既能帮助学习者熟悉汉语在真实商务交际中的使用情况,又能引导学习者适应情境转换、培养汉语商务交际能力。

二、短文

每课在对话后设置了一篇小短文,短文以商务情景中的讲话为主,对本课重点句型和生词进行复现,有助于学习者把握本课教学目标和重点,进一步强调生词和语言点。

三、词语

每课的词语以英文进行注释, 简洁明了。

四、练习

教程弱化语法,学习者可以通过练习来加以掌握。练习的内容为本课新学的语言点和重点词语及句型,目的是对本课所学内容及时强化。练习形式主要有替换练习、完成对话、完成语言交际任务等,以口语练习为主,旨在鼓励学习者多说多练,将本课所学真正运用到商务活动交际中。

本册教程后附《BCT标准教程》测试(一级)试卷及相应的听力材料和参考答案。

本册教程后附《普通话声韵拼合表》,系统展示了汉语声母、韵母等语音基础知识,学习者可一览汉语基本语音面貌和拼音拼合规则,方便学习查阅。

General Introduction

BCT Standard Course 1 is a set of teaching materials for business professionals who are beginners of learning Chinese as a foreign language.

Based on *Business Chinese Proficiency Standards* and the BCT (A) Vocabulary Outline, twenty themes of business activities and 200 words are selected as the teaching goal. This book has twenty lessons and each lesson develops a business theme and includes dialogues (with new words), articles, vocabulary notes and exercises. It is recommended that each lesson be completed in two or three classes.

I Dialogues

Each lesson has five dialogues which are limited to 1~4 turn-talking with different and authentic business scenarios on a certain communication theme with 2~4 new words in each dialogue. The key sentences and words were repeated and the new words are displayed in different contexts over and over. In this way, not only does it help the learners be familiar with the way to use business Chinese, but also guide the learners to adapt to different situations and to improve the ability of their abilities.

II Passages

Each lesson has a passage about business speeches following five rounds of dialogues. The passages intensify the key sentence structures and words to help the learners master new words and language points.

III Words and phrases

The new words and phrases are annotated with clear and concise English explanations.

IV Exercises

This book elaborates the grammar points and learners can master the grammar through the subsequent exercises. The exercises are placed after the notes of the text to strengthen new knowledge the contents of which are the language points and important words and sentence structures of each lesson. The main forms of the exercises are substitute drills, which require to complete the dialogues and language communication tasks. In order to encourage the learners to speak and practice more and apply what they have learned in real business communication, this book gives priority to spoken exercises. Teachers can employ the exercises flexibly and focus on oral communication exercises.

The course test paper is attached to this textbook.

The Chinese phonetic table is attached to this textbook which shows the basic knowledge of Chinese: initial consonants, vowels. It can facilitate Chinese *pinyin* spelling and basic voice features and rules.

Content / 目录

1 nǐ hǎo 你好 Hello	002
2 huānyíng 欢迎 Welcome	005
3 wǒ lái jièshào yíxià 我来介绍一下 Let me make a few introductions	010
zàijiàn 再见 Goodbye	017
5 tā shì nă guó rén 他是哪国人 What nationality is he?	022
duìbugǐ 对不起 I'm sorry	028
7 jīntiān xīngqī jǐ 今天 星期 几 What day is it today?	033
8 xiànzài jǐ diǎn 现在 几 点 What time is it?	041
9 Jǐ diǎn qǐchuáng 几点起床 What time do you get up?	048
10 jīntiān jǐ yuè jǐ 今天 几 月 几 What is the date today?	号 056
11 bàngōngshì zà 办公室 在 The office is room 50	ni wǔlíngliù fángjiān 三 五 零 六 房间 064 06
12 shénme shíh 什么 时他 When will we mee	侯 见面 072

13 qǐng gěi wǒ dǎ diànhuà 请 给我打 电话 Please give me a call	080
zuò chūzūchē 坐 出租车 Taking a taxi	086
15 zuò diàntī 坐 电梯 Taking the elevator	094
xǐ shǒujiān zài nǎr 洗 手 间 在 哪儿 Where is the bathroom?	102
17 zài zhuō zi shang 在 桌子 上 On the table	108
18 zài cāntīng 在餐厅 In the dining room	114
zài chāoshì 在超市 In the supermarket	120
20 dìng piào 订 票 Booking a ticket	126

附录 Appendices I.《BCT标准教程》测试(一级)	133
Ⅱ.《BCT标准教程》测试(一级)听力材料	142
III.《BCT标准教程》测试(一级)参考答案	145
Ⅳ. 词语表Vocabulary	146
V. 普通话声韵拼合表 Table of Combinations of Initials and Finals in <i>Putong</i>	ihua 160



Dialogues / 对话



Nĭ hăo! 你 好! [Hello!]

> Nĭ hặo! 你好! [Hello!]



Wănshang hảo! 好! [Good evening!]

> Wănshang hăo! 晚上 [Good evening!]

> > 晚上 | evening

Zăoshang hăo! 早上 好! [Good morning!]

> Zăoshana hăo! 早上 好! [Good morning!]

> > [n.] 早上 | morning

> > > [n.]

下午 | afternoon

Xiàwŭ hǎo! 下午 好! [Good afternoon!]

> Xiàwŭ hặo! 下午 好! [Good afternoon!]

nín hǎo! Lǐ xiānsheng 您 好! 先生 [Hello! Mr Li.]

> Wáng xiǎojiě nín hǎo! 您 好! 小姐, [Hello! Miss Wang!]

[n.] [pron.] [n.] 小姐 Miss



Passage / 短文



Nüshìmen. xianshenamen. 先生们 pénavoumen. wănshana hăo! 朋友们 晚上

女士 when add to a personal

朋友 | friend

Ladies and gentlemen, friends, good evening!

Words and phrases / 词语 🕟

你 / [pron.] you

hăo 好 / [a.] good; nice; well; fine

zăoshana 早上 / [n.] morning xiàwŭ 下午 / [n.] afternoon

wănshana

晚上 / [n.] evening xiānshena

/ [n.] Mr; sir; 先生 men (polite form)

您 / [pron.] a polite expression of 你

xiăoiiĕ

小姐 / [n.] Miss

nůshì

女士 / [n.] Ms; madam; lady

péngyou

朋友 / [n.] friend

/ [suffix.] used to form a plural number when add to a personal pronoun or a noun

Exercises / 练习 💿

1/ Substitution drills.



2/ Complete the following dialogue, using the following words and sentence patterns you have learned.



Mr Wang and Miss Li are meeting for the first time. What should they say?



3/ Mr Wang is going to give a speech at a party this evening. How should he begin?



Dialogues / 对话



Nǐ hǎo! Huānyíng! 你 好! 欢 训

Nǐ hǎo! Xièxie! 你 好! 谢谢! [Hello! Thanks!]

[Hello! Welcome!]



[v.] 谢谢 | thank

Lǐ xiānsheng, nín hǎo! 李 先生, 您 好! [Mr Li, hello!]



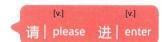
Wáng xiǎojiě, nín hǎo! 王 小姐,您 好! [Miss Wang, hello!]



Huānyíng! Qǐng jìn! 欢迎! 请 讲! [Welcome, come in please!]



Xièxie! 谢谢! [Thanks!]



Wáng xiānsheng, nín hǎo! 先生 , 您 好! [Mr Wang, hello!]



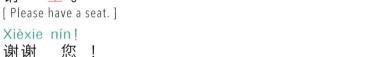
Lǐ xiǎojiě, nín hǎo! 李 小姐 . 您 好! [Miss Li, hello!]



Qĭng zuò.

请 坐。

[Thank you!]



[v.] 坐 | sit

4

Huānyíng nín, Wáng xiānsheng!

欢迎 您, 王 先生!

[Welcome, Mr Wang!]

Nín hǎo, Lǐ xiǎojiě! Hěn gāoxìng rènshi nín.

您好,李小姐!很高兴认识您。

[Hello, Miss Li! Nice to meet you.]



Qĭng jìn!

请 进! [please Come in!]

Xièxie nín! 谢谢 您

[Thank you!]

[adv.] 很 very [adj.] 高兴 happy; glad; cheerful; pleased [v.] 认识 get to know; get acquainted with

5

Huānyíng nín, Wáng xiānsheng!

欢迎 您, 王 先生 !

[Welcome, Mr Wang!]

Nín hǎo, Lǐ nǚshì! 您好,李女士!

[Hello, Ms Li!]

Hěn gāoxìng rènshi nín, qǐng zuò! 很高兴认识您,请坐 [Nice to meet you. Please have a seat.]

Xièxie nín! 谢谢 您! [Thank you!]

Passage / 短文 509



Wáng xiānsheng, nín hǎo! Hěn 先生 . 您 好! 很 gāoxìng rènshi nín. Huānyíng nín lái wŏmen 认识您。 欢迎 您来 我们 gōngsī, qǐng jìn, qǐng zuò. 公司 , 请 进 , 请 坐 。



Mr Wang, hello! Nice to meet you. Welcome to our company. Please come in! Please have a seat.

Words and phrases / 词语 🕟

huānyína

欢迎 / [v.] welcome xièxie

谢谢 / [v.] thank

qing

请 / [v.] please

iìn

讲 / [v.] enter

zuò

坐 / [v.] sit

hěn

很 / [adv.] very

gāoxìng

happy; glad; / [adj.] cheerful; pleased rènshi

renshi 认识 / [v.] get to know; 认识 / [v.] get acquainted with

来 / [v.] come

wŏmen

我们 / [pron.] we; us

gōngsī

公司 / [n.] company; firm

Exercises / 练习



1/ Substitution drills.



2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the following words and sentence patterns you have learned.

huānyíng	xièxie	qǐng jìn	qǐng zuò
欢迎	谢谢	请 进	请 坐
hěn gāoxìng	j rènshi nín		i wŏmen gōngsī
很高兴	认识 您		· 我们 公司

Mr Wang goes to visit Miss Li's office. Nín hặo! 您 好! Nín hặo! 您 好! ļ Qĭng zuò. 请 坐。 Miss Li goes to Mr Wang's company for the first time. Nín hặo! 您 好! 3/ How would you welcome guests visiting your company? Use the words and sentence patterns you

...

have learned.



wŏ lái jièshào yíxià

[Let me make a few introductions]

Dialogues / 对话



Nín hào, nín guìxìng? . 您 [Hello, what is your surname?]

Wǒ xìng Lǐ, nín guìxìng? 我 姓 李,您 贵姓 [My surname is Li, and you?]

Wŏ xìng Wána. 我 姓 Ŧ, [My surname is Wang.]

[adj.] used to show respect when asking some personal questions, such as about name or age

> [n.] take...as surname

> > [pron.] 我丨I; me

Nín hǎo, nín guìxìng? 您 好 , 您 贵姓 [Hello, what is your surname?]

叫 be called; be named

Wǒ xìng Lǐ, jiào Li Xiǎomíng, nín guìxìng? 我 姓 李, 叫 李 小明 , 您 贵 [My surname is Li and my full name is Li Xiaoming. What is your surname?]

Wǒ xìng Wáng, jiào Wáng Tìān, hěn gāoxìng rènshi nín. 天 . 很 高兴 认识 Ξ, \pm [My surname is Wang and my full name is Wang Tian. Nice to meet you!]

Wǒ vě shì. hěn gāoxìng rènshi nín. 我 也 是, 很 高兴 认识 您。 [Me too. Nice to meet you!]

[v.] [adv.] also; too;

Lǐ xiānsheng, nǐ hǎo, wǒ shì Wáng Huān. 李 先生 ,你好,我是 Ŧ 欢。 [Mr Li, hello, I'm Wang Huan.] [pron.]

Wáng xiǎojiě, nǐ hǎo, 王 小姐,你好, zhè shì wǒ de mínapiàn. 这 是 我 的 名片 [Miss Wang, hello, this is my business card.]

名片|business 汶 | this [part.] 的 of (marker of attributive)

[n.]

[n.]

- Xièxie, zhè shì wŏ de míngpiàn, hěn gāoxìng rènshi nǐ. 谢谢 , 这 是 我 的 名片 , 很 高兴 认识 你。 [Thanks! This is mine. Nice to meet you!]
- Wǒ yĕ shì, hĕn gāoxìng rènshi nín. 我 也 是. 很 高兴 认识 您。 [Me too. Nice to meet you!]
- [pron.] Huānyíng nǐ, Lǐ nǚshì. 经理 | manager 汶儿 here 迎你,李女士。 欢 wŏ shì zhèr de jīnglǐ, wŏ xìng Wáng. 我 是 这儿 的 经理, 我 姓 王。 [Welcome, Ms Li. I'm the manager here and my surname is Wang.]
 - Wáng jīnglǐ, nǐ hǎo, zhè shì wǒ de míngpiàn. 经理,你好,这是我的 [Mr Wang, hello, this is my business card.]
 - Xièxie, zhè shì wǒ de míngpiàn, hěn gāoxìng rènshi nín. 谢谢 , 这 是 我 的 名片 , 很 高兴 认识 您。 [Thanks! This is mine. Nice to meet you!]
 - Wǒ yě shì, hěn gāoxìng rènshi nín. 我 也 是, 很 高兴 认识 您。 [Me too. Nice to meet you!]
- Lǐ jīnglǐ, nǐ hǎo, wǒ shì Wáng Jìn 李 经理, 你 好, 我 是 王 [Mr Li, hello, I'm Wang Jin.]
 - Nǐ hǎo, Wáng xiānsheng, huānyíng nǐ lái wǒmen aōnasī. 你好, 王 先生, 欢迎 你来我们 公司。 [Hello, Mr Wang. Welcome to our company.]

- Xièxie, zhè shì wǒ de míngpiàn. 谢谢, 这是我的 名片。 [Thanks! This is my business card.]
- Zhè shì wǒ de míngpiàn, hěn gāoxìng rènshi nǐ! 这是我的名片,很高兴认识你! [This is mine. Nice to meet you!]
- Wǒ yě shì, hěn gāoxìng rènshi nín. 我也是,很高兴认识您。 [Me too. Nice to meet you!]

Passage / 短文 500

Nimen hào, wò xìng Li. jiào Lǐ Hǎo, 好,我 姓 李, 叫李好, 你们 gōngzuò. Hěn gāoxìng rènshi zài vínhána 工作。 很 高兴 在 银行 认识 Zhè wèi Wǒ lái iièshào víxià: 来 1 介绍 这 Lǐ nǚshì. shì wŏmen yínháng de iīnali. 女士, 是 银行 的 我们 Nà wèi shì Wáng xiansheng, vě zài wŏmen 那 位 是 先生 ,也在 王 yínháng gōngzuò. 工作 银行

Hello, everyone. My surname is Li and my full name is Li Hao. I work in a bank. Nice to meet you! Let me make a few introductions. This is Ms Li, our bank manager. That is Mr Wang, also working in our bank.



Words and phrases / 词语 💿

used to show respect 费 / [adj.] when asking some personal questions, such as about name or age

姓 / [v.] take...as surname

WŎ

我 / [pron.] I; me

iiào be called; be named 叫 / [v.] (used when giving one's name)

九 / [adv.] also; too; as well; either

是 / [v.] am; is; are

汶 / [pron.] this

的 / [part.] of (marker of attributive)

míngpiàn

名片 / [n.] business card

zhèr 汶儿 / [pron.] here

iīnglĭ

经理 / [n.] manager

zài [prep.] at; in 在/_{[v.] be}

yínhána

银行 / [n.]bank

gōngzuò 工作 / [v.] work

jièshào

介绍 / [v.] introduce

一下 / [nm.] once; in a short while

⟨\frac{1}{\tilde{\ti}}}}}}}}}}} \tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tii

那 / [pron.] that

Exercises / 练习 (1009)

- 1/ Substitution drills.
- Wǒ xìng Lǐ, jiào Lǐ Tiān. a/ 我姓李,叫李天。

Wáng Huān Lǐ Guì 王 欢 李贵 Wáng Tiān 王 天

Zhè shì wǒ de míngpiàn. b/ 这是我的名片。



Nà wèi shì Lǐ xiānsheng. c/ 那位是李先生。

> Wáng jīnglǐ Lǐ nǚshì 王 经理 李女士 Wáng xiǎojiě 王 小姐

2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the following words and sentence patterns you have learned

wǒ xìng wǒ jiào 我 姓 ······ 我 叩	zhè wèi s 这 位		nà wè 那 位	i shì 是 ·······
zài gōngzuò 在 ····· 工 作	yě shì 也 是			míngpiàn 名片
nín guìxìng 您 贵姓		vǒ lái jiè: 我 来 介		

a / Mr Wang and Miss Li are meeting for the first time. What should they say to ask for the other person's name?



b / Mr Wang and Miss Li are meeting for the first time. What should they say?





3/ Mr Wang has come to have a meeting at your company. Please introduce him to your colleagues using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

	王 进 经理	Wang Jin	
汉考爾斯	手机: 18439284509 邮箱: wangjin@cti.com	Tel: 18439284509 Email: wangjin@cti.com	

4/ Please introduce yourself to the class.

5/ Please introduce another student to the class.



Dialogues / 对话



1 Wáng xiǎojiě, zàijiàn! 王 小姐,再见! [Goodbye, Miss Wang!]

Zàijiàn! 再见! [Bye!] [M] 再见 | goodbye; bye; see you

2 ② Lǐ xiānsheng, míngtiān jiàn! 李 先生 , 明天 见! [See you tomorrow, Mr Wang!] M M M See

Míngtiān jiàn! 明天 见! [See you!]

3 ② Lǐ xiānsheng, hǎojiǔ bú jiàn! 李 先生 , 好久 不 见! [Long time no see, Mr Li!]

> Hǎojiǔ bú jiàn! Gōngzuò máng ma? 好久 不 见! 工作 忙 吗? [Long time no see! Are you busy?]

Máng! Nǐ ne? 忙!你呢? [Yes, what about you?]

Wǒ yě shì. 我也是。 [Me too.] [adj.] 好久 | long time [adv.] 不 | not; no

[adj.] 忙 | busy

| used after a sentence to indicate the interrogative mood

呢 | used after a sentence to indicate the interrogative mood

Nín hǎo, Lǐ xiānsheng, hǎojiǔ bú jiàn! 您好,李 先生 ,好久不见! [Hello, Mr Li, long time no see!]

Hǎojiǔ bú jiàn, nín máng ma? 好久 不 见,您 忙 吗? [Long time no see, are you busy?]

Bù máng, qǐng jìn! 不 忙, 请进! [No, I'm not, please come in!]

Xièxie! 谢谢! [Thank you!]

Hǎojiǔ bú jiàn, Lǐ xiānsheng, nín qù nǎr? 好久 不 见 ,李 先生 ,您 去 哪儿? [Long time no see, Mr Li, where are you going?]

哪 川、 where (used to ask place)

[v.]

Wǒ qù yínháng, nǐ ne? 我去银行,你呢?

[I am going to bank, what about you?]

Wǒ qù gōngsī, zàijiàn! 我去公司,再见! [lam going to the company, bye!]

Zàijiàn! 再见! [Bye!]



Passage / 短文 509

Lǐ xiānsheng, nín hǎo, hǎojiǔ bú jiàn! Nín míngtiān 李 先生 ,您 好 ,好久 不 见!您 明天 máng ma? Qǐng nín míngtiān lái yíxià wǒ de gōngsī, xièxie. 忙 吗?请您 明天 来一下我的 公司,谢谢。Míngtiān jiàn!

Hello, Mr Li, long time no see! Are you busy tomorrow? Please come to my company tomorrow, thank you. See you tomorrow!

Words and phrases / 词语 🥶

zàijiàn 再见 / [v.] goodbye; bye; see you

míngtiān 明天 / [n.] tomorrow

见 / [verb.] see

hǎojiǔ 好久 / [adj.] long time

bù 不 / [adv.] not; no

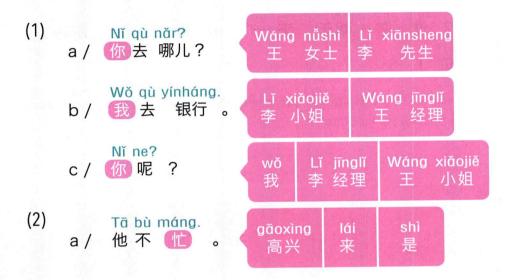
máng 忙 / [adj.] busy

ma used after a sentence to 以 / [int.] indicate the interrogative mood ne used after a sentence to 呢 / [int.] indicate the interrogative mood

dů 去 / [v.] go; leave măr 哪儿 / [pron.] where (used to ask place)

Exercises / 练习 💿

1/ Substitution drills.



2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the following words and sentence patterns you have learned.



a / Miss Li is on her way to the bank and Mr Wang is on his way to the company. They haven't seen each other for a long time.





3/ You are the manager of a company. Use the words and phrases you have learned to leave a voice message inviting Mr Li to come to your company tomorrow.

...



tā shì nă guó rén

[What nationality is he?]

Dialogues / 对话



Zhè shì năge guójiā? 是哪个国家?

[Which country is it?]

Zhè shì Zhōngguó. Wǒ shì zhōngguórén.

。我是 中国 中国

[This is China. I am Chinese.]

[pron.] used with nouns without

[n.] [n.] [n.] 中国 | China 国家|country

Nà wèi shì shéi?

那 位 是 谁?

[Who's that?]

Nà shì Lǐ xiānsheng, tā shì wŏmen gōngsī de jīnglǐ.

, 他 是 我们 公司 的 经理。 先生 那 是 李

[That's Mr Li. He is our company's manager.]

Tā shì nă guó rén?

他是哪国人? [What nationality is he?]

Tā shì zhōngguórén.

他是 中国人

[He is Chinese.]



Wáng mìshū, míngtiān shéi lái wŏmen gōngsī? 秘书, 明天 谁 来 公司

[Secretary Wang, Who will visit our company tomorrow?]



míngtiān Mălì xiǎojiě lái wŏmen gōngsī. Lĭ jīnglĭ, 玛丽 小姐 来 李 经理, 我们 明天 [Mr Li, Miss Mary will visit our company tomorrow.]

[pron.]







Tā shì měiguórén. 她是美国人。 [She is American.] [n.] 美国 | the United States

[pron.]

Xièxie! 谢谢! [Thanks!]

Nín shì nă guó rén? 您是哪国人? [What nationality are you?]

Wǒ shì rìběnrén. 我是日本人。 [I'm Japanese.]

是 日本人。
Japanese.]

Jái Zhōngguó gōngzuò mg?

Nín lái Zhōngguó gōngzuò ma? 您来中国工作吗? [Did you come to China for work?]

Bù, wǒ lái Zhōngguó xuéxí Hànyǔ. 不,我来中国学习汉语。 [No, I come to China to study Chinese.]

[M] [M] 学习 | study; 汉语 | Chinese learn language

5 ② Lǐ jīnglǐ shì nǎ guó rén? 李 经理 是 哪 国 人?
[What nationality is Mr Li?]

Tā shì hánguórén. 他是韩国人。 [He is South Korean.]

[n.] 韩国 | South Korea

Wáng mìshū yě shì hánguórén mg? 王 秘书 也 是 韩国人 吗? [Is Secretary Wang also a South Korean?]

Bùshì, Tā shì měiguórén. 不是,她是美国人。 [No, she is American.]

Tā de Hànyǔ zhēn hǎo. 她的汉语真好。 [Her Chinese is very good!]

[adv.] 真| indeed; really

Passage / 短文 509

Wǒ xìng Wáng, jiào Wáng Tiān, shì zhōngguórén. Wǒ zài我姓王,叫王天,是中国人。我在yínháng gōngzuò. Wǒ de hǎo péngyou Mǎlì shì měiguórén. Tā lái银行工作。我的好朋友玛丽是美国人。她来Zhōngguó xuéxí Hànyǔ, tā de Hànyǔ hěn hǎo.中国学习汉语,她的汉语很好。

My surname is Wang, My name is Wang Tian. I'm Chinese. I work in a bank. My good friend Mary is American. She came to China to study Chinese. Her Chinese is very good.

Words and phrases / 词语 😇

nă 哪 / [pron.] which (used in front of a measure word)

guójiā 国家 / [n.] country

人 / [n.] people

也,/ [pron.] he; him

她 / [pron.] she; her

Rìběn 日本 / [n.] Japan

汉语 / [n.] Chinese language

zhēn 真 / [adv.] indeed; really gè ↑ [mw.] used with nouns without specific measure words

Zhōngguó 中国 / [n.] China

shéi 谁 / [pron.] who(m)

mìshū 秘书 / [n.] secretary

Měiguó 美国 / [n.] the United States

学习 / [v.] study; learn

Hánguó 韩国 / [n.] South Korea



Exercises / 练习 @

1/ Substitution drills.

















2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

…shì shéi? nǎ guó rén? Bù, … ……是谁? 哪国人? 不, ……

Mr Li works in an airport in China. Mr Wang has just a / arrived by plane.



Xiānsheng, nín hǎo! , 您 好! ...

?



Wǒ xìng Wáng. 我 姓 王。







Nín zài gōngsī gōngzuò ma? 您 在 公司 工作 吗?



Miss Li and Mr Li have come to the airport to meet Mr Wang. Mr Wang and Miss Li know each other, but Mr Wang doesn't know Mr Li.



Wáng xiānsheng, hǎojiǔ bú jiàn! , 好久 不 王 先生 见!



Hǎojiǔ bú jiàn! Lǐ xiǎojiě. 好久 不 见!李 小姐。

?



Nà wèi shì Lǐ jīnglǐ. 那 位 是 李 经理。



?



Tā shì hánguórén. 他是 韩国人







3/ Mr Wang is from Japan. He is studying Chinese in China, and his Chinese is very good. Introduce him to your colleagues, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

...

4/ Introduce yourself to another person using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

...



Dialogues / 对话



Duìbuqi! 对不起 [Sorry.]

Méi guānxi! 关系

[That's all right.]

[v.] 对不起 | I'm sorry

没关系 | That's all right.

Qǐngwèn, nà shì shéi? Shì Lǐ xiǎojiě ma? . 那 是 谁 ? 是 李 小姐 吗? [Excuse me, who is that? Is that Miss Li?]

[v.] Excuse me

[adj.]

Duìbugǐ, wǒ bù zhīdào. 对不起 , 我 不 知道 。 [Sorry, I don't know.]

[v.]

Méi guānxi, xièxie. 没 关系, 谢谢。 [That's all right, thank you.]

Nǐ hào. Lǐ xiānsheng! Hăojiŭ bú jiàn! ! 好久 不 见! 你好, 李 先生 [Hello, Mr Li! Long time no see!]

Hǎojiǔ bú jiàn, Wáng xiānsheng. 好久 不 见 、 王 [Long time no see, Mr Wang!]

Duìbuqì, wŏ láiwăn le. 对不起 , 我 来 晚 了。 [Sorry, I am late.]

Méi auānxi. Qǐna iìn.

used after a verb to indicate that the action is in the past and has been completed; used at the end of a sentence to indicate changing

Xièxie! 谢谢

[Thank you!]

没 关系。请进。 [That's all right. Come in, please!]

喂 | used to start a dialogue over the phone

[v.]

[v.]

見 | Yes

Nǐ hǎo! 你好! [Hello!]

Qǐngwèn, shì gōngsī ma? 请问 ,是 CTI 公司 吗? [Excuse me, is that the CTI?]

Shì. 是。 [Yes.]

Lǐ jīnglǐ zài ma? 李 经理 在 吗?

Duìbuqǐ, tā bú zài. 对不起 , 他 不 在。 [Sorry. He is not here now.]

Xièxie, zàijiàn! 谢谢 , 再见 ! [Thanks. Bye!]

Nín hǎo, xièxie! Qǐngwèn, nín shì Lǐ jīnglǐ ma? 您好,谢谢!请问,您是李经理吗? [Hi! Thank you! May I ask if you are Maneger Li?]

Bú shì, wǒ xìng Wáng, shì Lǐ jīnglǐ de mìshū. 不是,我姓王,是李经理的秘书。 [No, my surname is Wang, I am the manager's secretary.]

Duìbuqǐ, Wáng mìshū. 对不起 , 王 秘书。 [lam sorry, Secretary Wang.]

Méi guānxi. Qǐng jìn! 没 关系。请 进! [That's all right. Come in, please!]

Xièxie! 谢谢! [Thank you!]

Passage / 短文 50%

Wáng xiānsheng, duìbuqǐ, nǐ jīntiān lái gōngsī, 先生 , 对不起, 你 今天 来 公司, Míngtiān nǐ máng ma? Míngtiān xiàwǔ wǒ zài gōngsī, zài. 忙 你 吗? 明天 下午 我 在 huānying nǐ lái. Minatiān jiàn. 你 来。 明天 欢迎

Mr Wang, I'm sorry. When you came to the company today, I was not there. Are you busy tomorrow? I will be at the company tomorrow in the afternoon. You are welcome to come back! See you tomorrow.

Words and phrases / 词语

duìbugĭ

对不起 / [v.] I'm sorry.

méi auānxi

没 关系 / That's all right.

qĭngwèn

请问 / [v.] Excuse me

zhīdào

知道 / [v.] know; be aware of

wăn

晚 / [adj.] late

used after a verb to indicate that the action is / [part.] in the past and has been completed; used at the end of a sentence to indicate changing in status

wèi

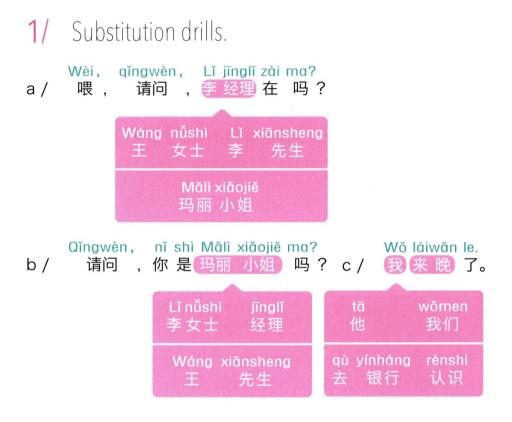
used to start a dialogue 喂 / [int.] over the phone

是 / [v.] Yes

在 / [v.] exist; lie; be at; be on



Exercises / 练习 ()



2/ Complete the following dialogue, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.



a / Mr Wang and Miss Li have a meeting scheduled for 3 o'clock in the afternoon, but Mr Wang is late.



b / Mr Wang and Miss Li see a lady at a party. Mr Wang does not know her name, so he asks Miss Li.



3/ Mr Li came to your company to see you today, but you were not in. Please use the words and sentences you have learned to leave him a voice message inviting him to come back to see you afternoon.

•••



[What day is it today?]

Dialogues / 对话





出差,周三

[Sorry, I have a business trip on Friday. Shall we meet on Wednesday?]

星期五

我

吧,可以吗?

or request, or giving a mild command Hǎo, zhōusān wǒ gù nín gōngsī!

好 , 周三 我去您

[Sure, I'll go to your company on Wednesday!]

Zhōusān iiàn!

周三 见, [See you on Wednesday!]

Wáng jīnglǐ, zhōusān de huìyì nín qù ma? 王 经理, 周三 的会议您去 [Mr Wang, would you be present at the meeting on Wednesday?]

[n.] 会议 | meetind

Bú qù, wǒ zhōu'èr chūchāi. 不 去, 我 周二 出差

[No, I can't go. I have a business trip on Tuesday.]

Hǎo de. Lǐ jīnglǐ xīngqīwǔ lái gōngsī jiàn nín. 的。李 经理 星期 五 来 公司 [OK.Mr Li will come to see you in the office on Friday.]

Hǎo, wǒ zhīdào le. 好 , 我 知道 了。 [Great.]

Wáng jīnglǐ, hǎojiǔ bú jiàn! 经理, 好久 不 见! Ŧ [Mr Li, long time no see!]

> Nǐ hào. Shānkǒu xiānshena! 你好, 山口 先生 [Nice to see you, Mr Yamaguchi!]

Gōngzuò máng ma? 忙

[Has it been busy at work?] Máng! wǒ zhōusì qù Rìběn chūchāi.

! 我 周四 去 日本 出差 [Yes, quite busy! I will go to Japan on a business trip on Thursday.]

Xiànzài nàr lěna ma? 现在 那儿 冷 [Is it cold now?]

Bù lěng bú rè, tiānqì hěn hǎo.

不冷不热,天气很好 [Not cold or hot. The weather is very nice.]

> Tài hặo le! Xièxie!

太 好 了! 谢谢! [Great! Thank you!]

那儿 | there [adj.] [adj.] [n.]

[n.]

现在

[adv.]

[pron.]



Passage / 短文 50%

Wŏ jiào Mălì, wŏ shì Měiguórén, zài Zhōnaauó de 我 叫 玛丽. 我是 美国人 在 中国 的 Rìběn gōnasī gōnazuò. Wǒ shì mìshū. zhè zhōu de 日本 公司 工作 我 是 秘书. 的 Xīngaīyī wŏ aù vínhána. aōnazuòtàimánale. xīnaaī'èr 了。星期一 我 去 银行 wŏ qù Rìběn chūchāi. xīnggīsān jiàn Shānkŏu jīnglǐ. 我 去 日本 出差 . 星期三 见 ШП 经理. xīngqīsì huí Zhōngguó, xīngqīwǔ zài gōngsī xuéxí Hànyǔ. 星期四 回 中国 ,星期五 在 公司



I'm Mary and I'm from America. Now I work in a Japanese company in China. I am a secretary and I have been too busy this week. I went to the bank on Monday. On Tuesday I went to Japan on a business trip. I met Mr Yamaguchi on Wednesday, and then I went back to China on Thursday. On Friday, I studied Chinese at the company.



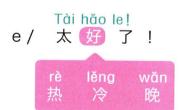
xīngqīwǔ 星期五 / [n.] Friday	used at the end of a sentence to imply soliciting advice, making a suggestion or request, or giving a mild command
kěyĭ	huìyì
可以 / [aux.] can; may	会议 / [n.] meeting
xi <mark>ànzài</mark> 现在 / [n.] now; nowadays; 现在 / [n.] today; at present	nàr 那儿 / [pron.] there
lěng	rè
冷 / [adj.] cold	热 / [adj.] hot; high in temperature
tiānqì	tài
天气 / [n.] weather	太 / [adv.] too; extremely
yī	èr
— / [num.] one	/ [num.] two
sān	sì
= / [num]. three	四 / [num.] four
wǔ 五 / [num.] five	



Exercises / 练习 ⑩

1/ Substitution drills.

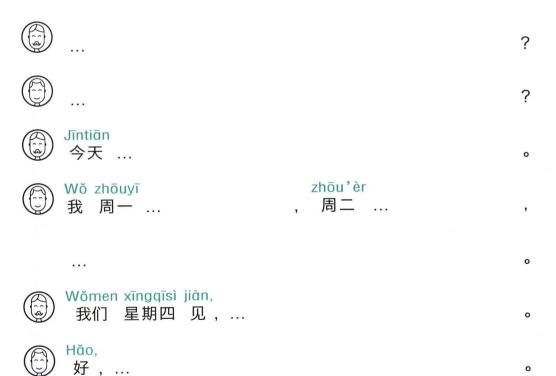




2/ Complete the following dialogue, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

jīntiān zhōu jǐ? 今天 周 几? wŏmen xīngqī jǐ jiàn? 我们 星期几见? kěyǐ ma? 可以吗?

Mr Yamaguchi wants to meet Mr Li. He asks Mr Li what day of the week they meet.



3/ You're the secretary for the manager Mr Li. Check his schedule for this week and then tell him about it.

xīngqīyī	xīngqī'èr	xīngqīsān	xīngqīsì	xīngqīwǔ
星期一	星期二	星期三	星期四	星期五
qù Rìběr 去 日本	n chūchāi 出差	huí Běijīng 回 北京	jiàn 见 Lǐ xiānsheng 李 先生	huìyì 会议

```
Lǐ jīnglǐ zhè xīngqī gōngzuò hěn máng. Xīngqīyī tā 李经理 这 星期 工作 很 忙 。星期一他 ... ,Rìběn de tiānqì hěn hǎo,日本 的 天气 很 好 , ...  

Xīngqīsān tā 星期三 他 ... , xīngqīsì tā 星期四 他 ... , xīngqīwǔ 星期五 ... , ... , ... , ... , ... ... ... , ... ... , ... ... ... ... ... ... , ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ..
```

4/ Dscribe your schedule for the coming week, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

```
zhōuyī
周一 : ...
zhōu'èr
周二 : ...
zhōusān
周三 : ...
zhōusì
周四 : ...
zhōuwǔ
```



[What time is it?]

Dialogues / 对话



1 您 好, 请问 现在 几 点? [Excuse me. What time is it?]









2 Wáng mìshū, wǒ míngtiān jǐ diǎn de fēijī? 王 秘书,我 明天 几点的飞机? [Ms Wang, what time is my flight tomorrow?]



Zǎoshang qīdiǎn. 早上 七点。 [Seven o'clock in the morning.]



Huílái de fēijī ne? 回来 的飞机 呢? [What about the return flight?]





Hǎo, wǒ zhīdào le. 好,我知道了。 [OK, get it.] 3 Wáng mìshū, jǐ diǎn jiàn Lǐ jīnglǐ? 王 秘书,几点见李经理? [Ms Wang, when shall we meet Mr Li?]

Shàngwǔ jiǔ diǎn, kěyǐ ma? 上午 九 点 ,可以 吗? [How about 9 o'clock in the morning?]

[n.] [num.] 上午| morning 九 | nine

Jiǔdiǎn wǒ qù yínháng, shí diǎn ba. 九点我去银行,十点吧。 [I have to go to bank at nine.Shall we meet him at ten o'clock?]

[num.] + | ten

Hǎo de. 好的。 [Sure.]

4 ② Property of the state of t

Xiànzài jǐ diǎn? 现在 几 点 ? [What time is it now?]

Xiànzài shí diǎn. 现在 十 点。 [It's 10 o'clock.]

Bù xíng, wǒ shí diǎn bàn kāihuì. 不行,我十点半开会。 [That's not possible. I have a meeting at half past 10.] [v.] 开会| have a meeting

Xiàwǔ liǎng diǎn ne? 下午 两 点 呢? [How about 2 o'clock in the afternoon?]



Diagonia bian ba. 两点半吧。
[Let's make it at half past two.]

Hǎo de, wǒ zhīdào le. 好的,我知道了。 [OK,good.]



5 Jīnglǐ, lǐ xiānsheng shí diǎn lái jiàn nín. 经理,李 先生 十 点 来 见 您。 [Excuse me, Mr Li will come to see you at 10 o'clock.]

Xiànzài jǐ diǎn? 现在 几 点? [What time is it now?]

Xiànzài jiǔ diǎn bàn. 现在 九 点 半。 [It's half past 9.]

Wǒ shí diǎn sìshíwǔ de fēijī. 我 十 点 四十五 的 飞机。 [My flight is at 10:45.]

Shí diǎn sìshíwǔ? 十点四十五? Nín de fēijī shì zhōuliù wǎnshang shí diǎn sìshíwǔ.

您的飞机是周六晚上十点四十五。 [10:45?Your flight is at 10:45 in the Saturday evening.]

Wǒ huílái de fēijī ne? 我 回来 的 飞机 呢? [When is my return flight?]

Zhōurì xiàwǔ liǎng diǎn bàn. 周日 下午 两 点 半。 [Half past two on Thursday afternoon.]

[n.] 周日 | Sunday

[n.]

周六 | Saturday



Passage / 短文 500

Wǒ jīntiān zhēn máng! Wǒ zǎoshang sì diǎn de fēijī qù Rìběn, 我 今天 真 忙!我 早上 四点的飞机去日本,jiǔ diǎn bàn jiàn Shānkǒu jīnglǐ, shí diǎn kāihuì, xiàwǔ yī diǎn de fēijī九点半见山口经理,十点开会,下午一点的飞机huí Zhōngguó, wǔ diǎn qù yínháng jiàn Lǐ jīnglǐ, liù diǎn huí gōngsī.回 中国,五点去银行见李经理,六点回公司。

I was very busy today. I had a 4:00 am flight to Japan. met Mr Yamaguchi at nine thirty, and had a meeting at ten o'clock. I took a flight back to China at one o'clock in the afternoon. went to the bank to meet Mr Li at five o'clock, and at six o'clock returned to my company.

Words and phrases / 词语 ②			
diǎn 点 / [n.] o' clock	liù ├── / [num.] six		
bàn	fēijī		
半 / [num.] half	飞机 / [n.] plane		
qī	xīngqītiān		
七 [num.] seven	星期天 / [n.] Sunday		
bā	shàngwǔ		
人 / [num.] eight	上午 / [n.] morning		
jiǔ	shí		
九 / [num.] nine	+ / [num.] ten		
kāihuì	liǎng		
开会 / [v.] have a meeting	两 / [num.] two		
zhōuliù	zhōurì		
周六 / [n.] Saturday	周日 / [n.] Sunday		



Exercises / 练习 (

1/ What time is it?

10/4 SAT 14:30 11/9 SUN **07:45**

11/30 SUN 20:30 12/6 SAT 10:00

2/ Complete the following dialogue, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.



Mr Li is discussing his schedule with Ms Wang.



Wáng mìshū 王 秘书,...

?



xiànzài bā diǎn bàn, jīnglǐ. 现在 八 点 半, 经理。

Mǎlì xiǎojiě jīntiān shàngwǔ lái jiàn nín. 玛丽 小姐 今天 上午 来 见 您。

Mălì xiǎojiě? 玛丽 小姐 ?		?
Tā de fēijī 她 的飞机		o
Wŏ 我	kāihuì, 开会 ,	c
		hǎo ma? ,好吗?
		c

3/ You're the secretary for the manager Mr Li. Check his schedule for Thursday to Sunday and then tell him about it.

THU	FRI	SAT	SUN
fēijī qù Rìběn	kāihuì	bù gōngzuò	jiàn Mălì
8:25 飞机 去 日本	10:00 开会		9:30 见 玛丽
jiàn Shānkǒu jīnglǐ	qù yínháng	不工作	fēijī huí Běijīng
14:00 见 山口 经理	15:00去 银行		16:38飞机 回 北京

```
Lǐ jīnglǐ nín zhōusì 李经理,您 周四 ... , zhōuwǔ 周五 ... , zhōuliù 周六 ... , zhōurì 周日 ... ,
```



4/ Please describe your schedule for tomorrow.

diǎn 点 : ... diǎn 点 : ... diǎn 点 : ... diǎn 点 : ...





jĭ diăn qĭchuáng

几点起床

[What time do you get up?]

Dialogues / 对话



1

Nǐ jǐ diǎn qǐchuáng? 你几点 起床?

[What time do you get up?]

[M] 起床 | get up; rise (from bed)

Wǒ liù diǎn bàn qǐchuáng, nǐ ne? 我 六 点 半 起床 ,你 呢? [l get up at half past six. What about you?]

Wǒ qī diǎn qǐchuáng. Nǐ jǐ diǎn shuìjiào? 我七点起床。你几点睡觉? [l get up at seven. What time do you go to bed?]

[v] 睡觉| sleep; go to bed

Wǒ shíyī diǎn shuìjiào. 我十一点睡觉。 [I go to bed at eleven.]

2

Nǐ jǐ diǎn shàngbān?

你几点 上班 ?

[What time do you get to work?]

Wǒ bā diǎn shàngbān nǐ ne?

,我 八 点 上班 ,你 呢?

[I get to work at eight, What about you?]

Wǒ jiǔ diǎn shàngbān, wǔ diǎn xiàbān.

我 九 点 上班 , 五 点 下班 。

[I get to work at nine, and get off at five pm.]

Nǐ jǐ diǎn xiàbān?

你几点 下班?

[What time do you get off work?]

Wŏ yĕ wŭ diăn xiàbān.

我 也 五 点 下班。

[I get off work at five, too.]

M 上班 | start work; go to work

M 下班|finish work; get off work

- 3 ② Lǐ jīnglǐ, nín zhōuyī jǐ diǎn shàngbān? 李 经理,您 周一 几 点 上班 ? [Mr Li, what time will you get to work on Monday?]
 - Zhōuyī shàngwǔ wǒ qù yínháng.
 周一 上午 我 去 银行,
 [I have to go to the bank on Monday morning.]

 xiàwǔ liǎng diǎn lái gōngsī, wǔ diǎn bàn xiàbān.
 下午 两 点 来 公司 ,五 点 半 下班 。
 [so l'll ge to the office at 2 pm, and get off work at 5 pm.]
 - Wǒ xiàwǔ sān diǎn bàn lái gōngsī jiàn nín, kěyǐ ma? 我下午三点半来公司见您,可以吗? [Could I come to see you at 3 pm?]
 - Hǎo, zhōuyī jiàn! 好 , 周一 见! [OK, see you on Monday!]
- - Máng! Wǎnshang qī diǎn xiàbān.
 忙 ! 晚上 七 点 下班。

 Zǎoshang bā diǎn bàn shàngbān!
 早上 八 点 半 上班 !
 [Yes, I'm very busy. | get off work at 7:00 pm. | get to work at 8:30 am.]
 - Qī diǎn? Nǐmen yínháng gōngzuò zhēn máng! 七 点? 你们 银行 工作 真 忙! [7:00?You're so busy at the bank.]
 - Nǐ ne? Gōngzuò máng ma? 你呢? 工作 忙 吗? [How about you? Are you busy at work?]
 - Wǒ gōngzuò bù máng, jiǔ diǎn shàngbān, wǔ diǎn xiàbān. 我工作不忙,九点上班,五点下班。 [I'm not busy at work. I start work at 9:00 am and get off work at 5:00 pm.]
 - Zhēn hǎo! 真 好! [That's great.]

5 Wáng mìshū, Xiànzài jǐ diǎn? 王 秘书, 现在几点?
[What time is it now, Ms Wang?]

Jiǔ diǎn bàn, Lǐ jīnglǐ. 九 点 半,李经理。 [It's 9:30, Mr Li.]

Jiǔ diǎn bàn? Jīntiān zhēnmáng. Nǐ xiàbān ba, 九 点 半 ? 今天 真 忙 。你 下班 吧, [9:30? Today has been so busy.] míngtiān wǎn diǎnr lái shàngbān. 明天 晚 点儿 来 上班 。

[You should leave work now and come to work a little later tomorrow.]

Méi guānxi, jīnglǐ. Míngtiān wǒ bā diǎn bàn lái gōngsī. 没关系,经理。明天 我八点 半来公司。 [It's no problem, Mr Li. I'll come to company at 8:30 tomorrow.]

Hǎo ba, zǎo diǎnr xiūxi, míngtiān jiàn. 好吧,早点儿休息,明天见。 [OK. Just go to bed earlier tonight. See you tomorrow.]

Nín yě zǎo diǎnr xiūxi. Zàijiàn, jīnglǐ. 您也早点儿休息。再见,经理。 [You too. See you tomorrow, Mr Li.] 早 | early [nm.] (一)点(儿)| a bit; a little

[v] 休息 | have a rest; go to bed

[adj.]



Passage / 短文 50%

wŏ shì Měiguórén. Wǒ jiào Mǎlì, Zài Zhōnaquó de Rìběn 玛丽. 我是 美国人, 在 中国 aōnasī aōnazuò. Wŏmen gōngzuò hěn máng. Wǒ zǎoshana liù 工作 工作 很 我们 忙 我 , 七 点 去 公司, 八 点 半 上班 bàn xiàbān. Shí'èr diặn shuìiiào. Nimen ne? Gōnazuò mána ma? 下班 ,十二 点 睡觉 。 你们 半 呢? 工作 忙 吗?

I'm Mary and I'm from America. I work in a Japanese company in China. We're very busy at work. I get up at 6:00, and leave for work at 7:00. I start work at 8:30 and get off work at 6:30 in the evening. I go to bed at twelve. How about you? Are you busy at work?

Words and phrases / 词语 💯

qĭchuáng

起床

/ [v.] get up; rise (from bed)

shuìjiào

睡觉 / [v.] sleep; go to bed

shàngbān

上班 / [v.] start work; go to work

xiàbān

下班 / [v.] finish work; get off work

zăo

早 / [adj.] early

(yì)diănr

(一)点儿 / [nm.] a bit; a little

xiūxi

休息 / [v.] have a rest; go to bed

Exercises / 练习 ⑩

1/ Substitution drills.







2/ Complete the following dialogue, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

Miss Wang and Mr Zhou haven't seen each other for a long time. Today they happen to meet and so they chat for a while about work.

Mălì hǎojiǔ bú jiàn! Gōngzuò máng ma? 玛丽, 好久 不 见! 工作 忙 吗?	
Máng! Wǒ 忙!我…	c
Zhēn máng! Nǐ jǐ diǎn qǐchuáng? 真 忙!你几点 起床?	
	?
shí yī diǎn bàn shuìjiào , 十一 点 半 睡觉). c
Zhēn hǎo! 真 好!	c
	o
	0

3/ Look at Mr Li's schedule for Thursday and then complete the following description of his schedule.

xīngqīsì 星期四			
6:00	qǐchuáng 起床		
8:00	zuò fēijī huí Běijīng 坐 飞机回 北京		
13:30	qù gōngsī shàngbān 去 公司 上班		
14:00	huìyì 会议		
15:00—18:00	gōngzuò 工作		
18:30	xiàbān 下班		
23:30	shuìjiào 睡觉		

Lǐ jīnglǐ zài yínháng gōngzuò, tā hěn máng. Zhōusì zǎoshang 李经理 在银行工作,他很忙。周四早上tā liù diǎn他六点… , … 。
zhōngwǔ中午 … , 下午… ,

4/ Describe your day, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.





jīntiān jǐ yuè jǐ hào

今天几月几号

[What is the date today?]

Dialogues / 对话



1 (Nǐ hǎo! 你好!

你 好 [Hi!]

Nǐ hǎo! 你好! [Hi!]

Qǐngwèn, jīntiān jǐ yuè jǐ hào? 请问 , 今天 几 月 几 号 ? [Excuse me, what's the date today?]

Jīntiān yīyuè yī hào. 今天 一月 一 号。 [It's the 1st of January.]

Hǎo de, xièxie. 好的,谢谢。 [OK, thank you.]

2 Qǐngwèn, jīntiān xīngqī jǐ? 请问 ,今天 星期 几? [What day is it today?]

Jīntiān xīngqīyī. 今天 星期一。 [Today is Monday.]

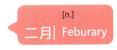
Jīntiān jǐ yuè jǐ hào? 今天 几月几号? [What's the date today?]

Jīntiān èryuè èr hào. 今天 二月 二 号。 [Today is the 2nd of Feburary.]

Jīntiān èryuè èr hào le? Xièxie! 今天 二月 二 号 了? 谢谢! [It's the 2nd of Feburary? Thank you!]







Nǐ hǎo, Wáng mìshū, wǒ shì MǎLì. Qǐngwèn, 你好, 王 秘书,我是玛丽。请问, Lǐ jīnglǐ jǐ hào qù Rìběn? 李经理几号去日本? [Hi, Miss Wang. This is Mary. May Lask which day Mr Li is going to Japan?]

Shí'èr hào. 十二 号。 [On the 12th.]

Shí'èr hào? Shì sānyuè shí'èr hào ma? 十二 号?是三月十二号吗? [The 12th? The 12th of March?] [n.] 三月| March

Bú shì, shì sìyuè shí'èr hào. 不是,是四月十二号。 [No, the 12th of April.] [n.] 四月| April

Hǎo, xièxie, wǒ kěyǐ míngtiān shàngwǔ shí diǎn bàn 好,谢谢,我可以明天 上午 十点 半qù jiàn tā ma? 去见他吗?
[OK, thanks. Could I go schedule a meeting with him tomorrow at 10:30 in the morning?]

Wǒ kàn yíxià... Kěyǐ. 我看一下……可以。 [Let me see...Sure.] [v] 看 | look; watch

Xièxie, zàijiàn. 谢谢 , 再见 。 [Thanks, bye.]

Zàijiàn! 再见! [Bye!] 4 ② Lǐ jīnglǐ, shàngwǔ hǎo! 李 经理, 上午 好! [Good morning, Mr Li!]

- Shàngwǔ hǎo, Wáng mìshū! 上午 好, 王 秘书! [Good morning, Miss Wang!]
- Lǐ jīnglǐ, jīntiān xīngqīsì, nín míngtiān qù Měiguó chūchāi, 李 经理,今天 星期四,您 明天 去 美国 出差,shì xiàwǔ sān diǎn de fēijī.是下午 三 点 的 飞机。
 [Mr Li, it's Thursday today. You're going on a business trip tomorrow, leaving on a 3:00 pm flight.]
- Míngtiān? Jīntiān jǐ hào? 明天 ? 今天 几 号 ? [Tomorrow? What's the date today?]
- Jīntiān jiǔyuè sān hào, xīngqīsì. 今天 九月 三 号, 星期四。 [It's the 3rd of September today, Thursday.]

Hǎo de, wǒ zhīdào le, xièxie! 好的,我知道了,谢谢! [OK, | got it. Thank you!]

5 Xiǎo Wáng, xīngqīsān kāihuì, kěyǐ ma? 小 王, 星期三 开会,可以吗?
[Miss Wang, is this Wednesday OK for a meeting?]

Xīngqīsān shì jǐ hào? 星期三 是几 号? [What's the date this Wednesday?]

shíyīyuè èrshísān hào. 十一月 二十三 号。 [It's the 23rd of November.]



[n.]

カ. 目 | September

- Wǒ èrshí'èr hào qù Běijīng chūchāi, èrshísì hào huí gōngsī. 我 二十二 号 去 北京 出差 ,二十四 号 回 公司 。 [l'll go to Beijing on business on the 22nd and return on the 24th.]
- Nà, wǒmen èrshíwǔ hào kāihuì ba. 那,我们二十五号开会吧。 [So could we have the meeting on the 25th?]

- Wǒ kàn yíxià... Shàngwǔ shí diǎn, kěyǐ ma? 我看一下…… 上午 十点,可以吗?[Let me see... Is 10:00 in the morning, OK?]
- Kěyǐ, shíyīyuè èrshíwǔ hào shàngwǔ shídiǎn kāihuì. 可以,十一月 二十五 号 上午 十点 开会。 [That's OK, so we will have the meeting at 10:00 in the morning on November 25th.]
- Hǎo de, wǒ zhīdào le, xièxie! 好的,我知道了,谢谢!

Passage / 短文 500

Wǒ shí'èryuè èrshíyī hào qù Rìběn chūchāi, 我 十二月 二十一 号 去 日本 出差 shí'èryuè èrshísì hào huí Běijīng, shí'èrvuè èrshíwű 十二月 二十四号 回 北京, 十二月 二十五 hào shàngwǔ hé péngyou chīfàn, xiàwǔ xiūxi. 上午 和 吃饭. 下午 朋友 休息。 Èrshíliù hào hěn máng, shàngwǔ qù gonasī 很 忙 上午 去 CTI jiàn Li jīnali. zhōngwǔ qù yínháng, xiàwŭ jiàn 李 经理, 中午 去 银行 Gāo jīnglǐ hé Wáng mìshū, wǎnshang yě gōngzuò. 高 经埋 和 王 秘书, 晚上

I am going to Japan on business on the 21st of December and coming back to Beijing on the 24th. On the morning of the 25th, I will have breakfast with some friends and then take the afternoon off. I will be very busy on the 26th, I have a meeting with Mr Li in the morning, go to the bank at noon and then meet Mr Gao and Miss Wang in the afternoon. I then have to work in the evening, too.



Words and phrases / 词语 💿



yuè			
月	/	[n.]	month

号 / [n.] date

看 / [v.] look; watch

和 / [prep.] with [conj.] and

chīfàn

Childn 吃饭 / [v.] have breakfast/ lunch/dinner

zhōngwǔ

中午 / [n.] noon; midday; noonday

yīyuè

一月 / [n.] January

èrvuè

二月 / [n.] February

sānyuè

三月 / [n.] March

sìyuè

四月 / [n.] April

wŭvuè

五月 / [n.] May

liùvuè

六月 / [n.] June

qīyuè

七月 / [n.] July

bāyuè

八月 / [n.] August

jiŭyuè

九月 / [n.] September

shíyuè

十月 / [n.] October

shíyīyuè

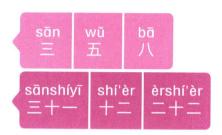
十一月 / [n.] November

shí'èryuè

十二月 / [n.] December

Exercises / 练习 (w)

- 1/ Substitution drills.
- Jīntiān yī yuè èr hào. a/ 今天 🛑 月 🚍 号。



b/ Wáng xiānsheng, nǐ jǐ hào qù Běijīng? E 先生 ,你几号 去 北京 ?



2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

jǐ yuè jǐ hào?	Bú shì, shì
····· 几月 几 号?	不 是, 是 ······
shì ma?	, kěyǐ ma?
是 吗?	·····,可以 吗?

a /	Mr Wang discusses his schedule with Miss Li.	
	Jīntiān jǐ yuè jǐ hào? 今天几月几号?	
	,	?
		0
		?
		0
	Hǎo de, wǒ zhīdào le, xièxie! 好 的,我 知道 了,谢谢!	
b/	_	⁄Ir Li, so
	he asks Mr Li's secretary about his schedule.	
	Qǐngwèn, Lǐ jīnglǐ jǐ hào qù Měiguó? 请问 ,李经理 几 号 去 美国 ?	
	Wǒ kàn yíxià 我看一下	o
		0
		7
		c
	wǒ zhīdào le, xièxiè.) ,我 知道 了,谢谢。	

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

3/ Use the words and sentence patterns you have learned to make a work report to the manager about the following schedule.

Date	Time	Content
shíyuè èrshíbā rì	wǎnshang jiǔ diǎn	qù Měiguó chūchāi
十月 二十八日	晚上 九 点	去 美国 出差
shíyīyuè wǔ rì	shàngwǔ shí diǎn	huí gōngsī
十一月 五日	上午 十 点	回 公司
shíyīyuè shíjiǔ rì	xiàwǔ sì diǎn	jiàn Mǎlì xiǎojiě
十一月 十九日	下午 四 点	见 玛丽 小姐
shí'èryuè èrshísì rì .	wǎnshang qī diǎn	hé Wáng nǚshì chīfàn
十二月 二十四日	晚上 七 点	和 王女士 吃饭

Jīnglǐ, nín hǎo! Nín shíyuè èrshíbā rì wǎnshang jiǔ diǎn qù 经理,您 好!您 十月 二十八日 晚上 九 点 去Měiguó chūchāi.

美国 出差。…

4/ Use the words and sentence patterns you have learned to describe the important events in your schedule over the next few months.

...



bàngōngshì zài wǔlíngliù fángjiān

办公室在五零六房间

[The office is room 506]

Dialogues / 对话



1 Wáng mìshū, Lǐ jīnglǐ de bàngōngshì zài nǎr? 王 秘书,李 经理 的 办公室 在 哪儿? [Miss wang, where is maneger Li's office?]



Zài wǔlíngliù fángjiān. 在 五零六 房间。 [It's room 506.]



Xièxie, zàijiàn! 谢谢 , 再见 ! [Thank you, bye!]





2 ② Nín hǎo, xiānsheng! Huānyíng nín! 您好, 先生! 欢迎 您!

Nín hǎo! Wǒ shì Wáng Tiān, zhè shì wǒ de hùzhào. 您好!我是王天,这是我的护照。 [Hi!lam Wang Tian.This is my passport.]

Wáng xiānsheng, nín hǎo! Nín zhù zài sānlíngbā fángjiān. 王 先生,您好!您住在三零八房间。 [Hi, Mr Wang! Your room is 308.]

Hǎo de, xièxie! Zàijiàn! 好的,谢谢!再见!

Bú kèqi, zàijiàn! 不 客气, 再见! [You're welcome, bye!]

- 3 《 Nǐ hǎo, Lǐ xiānsheng! 你好,李 先生 [Hello, Mr Li!]
 - Zǎoshang hǎo, Wáng xiānsheng! 早上 好, 王 先生! [Good morning, Mr Wang!]
 - Wǒmen jīntiān zài nǎr kāihuì? 我们 今天 在哪儿 开会 ? [Where are we having the meeting today?]
 - Zài Lǐ jīnglǐ de bàngōngshì. 在李经理的 办公室 。
 - Tā de bàngōngshì zài nǎr? 他的 办公室 在哪儿? [Where is his office?]
 - Tā de bàngōngshì zài wǔlíngliù. 他的 办公室 在 五零六。 [It is 506.]
 - Hǎo de, xièxie! 好的, 谢谢! [OK, thank you!]
 - Bú kèqi! 不 客气! [You're welcome!]
- - Xiàwǔ hǎo, Zhōu xiānsheng! 下午 好,周 先生! [Good afternoon, Mr Zhou!]
 - Qǐngwèn, Lǐ jīnglǐ zài ma? 请问 , 李 经理 在 吗 ? [Excuse me, is Mr Li here?]
 - Zài zài bàngōngshì. 在,在 办公室 。 [Yes, he is in his office.]

Tā de bàngōngshì zài èrlíngyī ma? 办公室 在 二零一 他的 吗 ? [Is his office room 201?] Bù, zài wŭlingliù. 不,在 五零六。 [No, it's 506.] Hăo, xièxie! 好 , 谢谢! [OK, thanks!] Bú kèqi! 不 客气! [You're welcome!] Wáng mìshū, wŏmen jīntiān jǐ diǎn kāihuì? 秘书, 我们 今天 几 点 开会 ? Ŧ [Miss Wang, when is the meeting today?] Jīntiān xiàwŭ liăng diăn. 今天 下午 两 [2:00 in the afternoon.] Zài năr kāihuì? 在哪儿 开会? [And where is it?] Zài èrlíngliù huìyìshì. 在 二零六 会议室。 [In meeting room 206.] Míngtiān yě kāihuì ma? 也 开会 明天 吗 ? [Do we have a meeting tomorrow, too?] Shì de, míngtiān de huìyì zài èrlíngwǔ. 的 会议 在 二零五。 是 的. 明天 [Yes, tomorrow's meeting is in room 205.] Xièxie! 谢谢! [Thank you!] Bú kèqi! 不 客气!

[You're welcome!]



Passage / 短文 50%

Lǐ jīnglǐ, míngtiān de huìyì zài Jīngběi 的 会议 在 明天 Nín shàngwǔ zài èrlíngyī huìyìshì 上午 在 二零一 会议室 kāihuì, xiàwŭ zài wŭlíngwŭ jiàn yínháng de 开会 ,下午 在 五零五 Zhōu jīnglǐ. Wănshang nín zhù zài yīliùlíng'èr 经理。 晚上 您 住 在 一六零二 fángjiān. 房间

[n.] 宾馆 | hote

Mr Li, tomorrow's meeting is in the Jingbei Hotel. The meeting will be in room 201, and you will meet Manager Zhou from the bank in room 504. You will be staying in room 1602 for the

Words and phrases / 词语

bànaōnashì

evening.

办公室 / [n.] office

fángjiān

房间 / [n.] room

hùzhào

护照 / [n.] passport

零 / [num.] zero

kègi

客气 / [adj.] polite; courteous

bīnguăn

宾馆 / [n.] hotel

zhù

住 / [v.] live; stay; dwell

Exercises / 练习 ⑩

1/ Substitution drills.





2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the following words and sentence patterns you have learned.

…zài năr? …zhù zài… …zài… bú kèqi ……在 哪儿? ……住 在…… ……在… 不 客气



Mr Wang wants to know where Miss Li and Wang's offices are. Qǐngwèn, Lǐ jīnglǐ de bàngōngshì zài năr? , 李 经理 的 办公室 在 哪儿? Wáng jīnglǐ de ne? Ŧ 经理的呢? Xièxie! 谢谢! b / Mr Li wants to know the time and place of the meeting in the afternoon He asks his secretary, Miss Wang. Qĭngwèn, 问 , ... 请 ? Wǒ kàn yíxià 我看一下……… Xiàwŭ liăng diăn. 下午 两 点。 Hǎo de, xièxie. 好 的,... 谢谢。

0

3/ Imagine you are the secretary. You have to arrange a hotel room for Mr Li (who is the guest of your company) and tell him the time and place of the meeting. Please use the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

Reception: 1201, Jingbei Hotel

Time: 3: 30 pm

Place: meeting room 305



4/ Where is your office and where do you live? Please use the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

...





shénme shíhou jiànmiàn

什么时候见面

[When will we meet?]

Dialogues / 对话



Lǐ jīnglǐ wŏmen shénme shíhou kāihuì? 李 经理, 我们 什么 时候

开会?

[n.] 时候 period

[Mr Li, when is the meeting this week?] Xīngqīsān shàngwǔ jiǔ diǎn bàn.

九点半。 上午

[9:00 in the morning on Wednesday.]

Zài èrlíngwǔ huìyìshì xíng ma? 在 二零五 会议室、 行

[In the meeting room 205, right?]

Xína. 行。

[OK.]

OK; all right; no problem

[pron.]

什么 | what

- Xiànzài sãn diặn. Wǒmen wǔ diặn jiànmiàn, xíng ma? 点 见面 , 行 吗? 三点。 我们 \mathcal{F}_{1} [It's 3:00 now. Could we meet at 5:00?]
 - Xíng, zài wǒ de bàngōngshì, xing ma? 办公室 , 行 吗? 行 , 在 我 的 [Sure, is it ok to meet in my office?]
 - Xíng, nín de bàngōngshì zài năr? 行 , 您 的 办公室 在 哪儿? [OK, where is your office?]
 - Zài èrlíngyī. 在 二零一。 [Room 201.]
 - Hặo de wữ diặn jiàn! 好 的, 五点 见.! Fine, see you at 5:00!

3 Wǒmen jǐ diǎn jiànmiàn? 我们 几点 见面 ? [At what time shall we meet?]



- Wŏmen xiàwǔ liǎng diǎn jiànmiàn, xíng ma? 我们 下午 两 点 见面 , 行 吗? [2:00 in the afternoon, is that OK?]
- Bù xíng. Wǒ liǎng diǎn kāihuì. Sān diǎn bàn xíng ma? 不行。我两点开会。三点半行吗? [No. I have a meeting at that time. Is 3:30 OK?]
- Xíng, zàijiàn! 行 , 再见! [Fine, see you later!]
- Zàijiàn! 再见 ! [See you!]
- - Xiàwǔ hǎo, Lǐ xiānsheng! 下午 好,李 先生! [Good afternoon, Mr Li!]
 - Qǐngwèn, Wáng jīnglǐ zài ma? 请问 , 王 经理 在 吗? [Excuse me, is Mr Wang here?]
 - Duìbuqǐ, tā bú zài, tā chūchāi le. 对不起,他不在,他出差了。 [Sorry, he is not here. He is on business.]
 - Tā shénme shíhou huílái? 他 什么 时候 回来? [When will he come back?]
 - Shíyuè èr hào ba. 十月 二号吧。 [Maybe the 2nd of October.]

- Nà wǒ xīngqīwǔ xiàwǔ liǎng diǎn bàn lái jiàn tā, xíng ma? 那我星期五下午两点半来见他,行吗? [Could I come to meet him at 2:30 pm this Friday?]
- Wǒ kàn yíxià ... Kěyǐ. 我看一下……可以。 [Let me see...Sure.]
- H<mark>ǎo de, xièxie.</mark> 好的,谢谢。 [OK,thankyou.]
- 5 Wèi, Lǐ xiānsheng, nǐ hǎo! 喂,李 先生 ,你 好!
 - Nǐ hǎo, Wáng xiǎojiě! 你好, 王 小姐! [Hello, Miss Wang!]
 - Lǐ xiānsheng, wǒmen zhè zhōu shénme shíhou jiànmiàn? 李 先生 ,我们 这 周 什么 时候 见面 ? [Mr Li, when shall we meet this week?]
 - Bāyuè shí'èr hào shàngwǔ shí diǎn, xíng ma? 八月 十二 号 上午 十 点 , 行 吗? [August 12th, at 10:10 am. ls that OK?]
 - Xíng. 行。 [Fine.]
 - Zài wǒ de bàngōngshì, xíng ma? 在我的 办公室 , 行 吗? [In my office?]
 - Hǎo de, nín de bàngōngshì zài nǎr? 好的,您的办公室在哪儿? [OK. Where is your office?]
 - Wǒ de bàngōngshì zài sānlíngyī. 我的办公室在三零一。 [My office is in room 301.]
 - 好,谢谢。 [OK, thank you.]



Passage / 短文 50%

nián yuè rì xīngqīsān tiānqì 2014年4月30日 星期三 天气: [n.] [n.] 年 | year 日 | day; date

Jīntiān shàngwǔ jiǔ diǎn. wŏ jiànle 今天 上午 九点, 我 见了 Wáng xiānsheng. Zhōnawŭ zài tāmen aōnasī 先生 在 他们 Ŧ 中午 chīle Xiàwǔ liǎng diǎn qù bīnguǎn fàn. 饭。 下 午 点 夫 吃了 两 jiànle Shānkŏu xiānshena. Wǔ diặn xiàban. 先生 $\overline{\mathcal{H}}$ 点 见了 $|| || \square$ Míngtiān zhōngwǔ hé Mǎlì xiǎojiě jiànmiàn, 中午 和玛丽 小姐 xiàwǔ yŏu liặng gè huìyì. bù zhīdào shénme 个 会议. 下午 两 不 知道 什么 shíhou xiàbān. Zhēn mána! 时候 下班。 真

[v.] 有 | have

I went to see Mr Wang at 9:00 this morning. I had lunch at their company. I went to the Hotel to meet Mr Yamaguchi at 2:00 this afternoon. I was off work at 5:00 in the afternoon. Tomorrow I will meet Miss Mary at noon, and I have two meetings in the afternoon. I don't know when I will get off work. What a busy day!

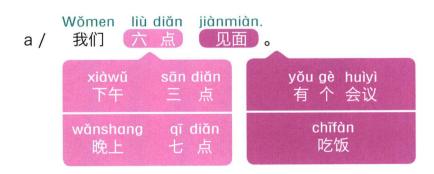




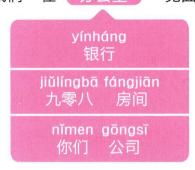
Exercises / 练习 [109]



1/ Substitution drills



Wŏmen zài bàngōngshì jiànmiàn, xíngma? b / 我们 在 办公室 见面 , 行吗 ?



2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the following words and sentence patterns you have learned.

shénme shíhou... ...yǒu... xíng 什么 时候 …… 有 …… 有 行

a / Mr Li and Ms Wang are talking about Mr Li's agenda.

nián yuè hào 2015年3月12号	
9: 00 —11: 00	bàngōngshì 办公室 (305)
12: 00 —13: 00	hé Wáng mìshū chīfàn 和 王 秘书 吃饭
14: 30 <i>—</i> 16: 30	bīnguăn jiàn Shānkǒu jīnglǐ 宾馆 见 山口 经理
nián yuè hào 2015 年 3 月 13 号	Měiguó chūchāi 美国 出差

	Wáng mìshū, Lǐ jīnglǐ jīntiān shàngwǔ zài bàngōngshì ma? 王 秘书,李 经理 今天 上午 在 办公室 吗?	•
	•••	0
	Tā de bàngōngshì zài năr? 他 的 办公室 在 哪儿?	
		0
	Tā jīntiān xiàwǔ qù nǎr? 他 今天 下午 去 哪儿?	
		0
b/	Mr Li and Ms Wang needed to finalise the meeting time.	
	Wáng xiǎojiě, 王 小姐,	?
		0
		?
		0
	xíng ma? … , 行 吗	?
0		0

3/ The manager is going to meet some guests these days. please tell him the arrangement.

Day/Date	Time	Place	Content
xīngqīyī	9:00 am	èrlíngyī fángjiān	hé Wáng jīnglǐ jiànmiàn
星期一		二零一 房间	和 王 经理 见面
	3:30 pm	Lǐ jīnglǐ de bàngōngshì 李 经理 的 办公室	hé Lǐ nǚshì jiànmiàn 和 李 女士 见面
xīngqī'èr	2:30 pm	bīnguǎn sìlíngwǔ fángjiān	hé Zhōu xiānsheng jiànmiàn
星期二		宾馆 四零五 房间	和 周 先生 见面
xīngqīsì	1:00 pm	sānlíngjiǔ fángjiān	kāihuì
星期四		三零九 房间	开会

4/ Talk about your most busy working day, please use the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

...



qĭng gěi wǒ dă diànhuà

请给我打电话

[Please give me a call]

Dialogues / 对话



- Nà wèi shì shéi? 那位是谁?
 - Tā jiào Mǎlì, zài wǒmen gōngsī gōngzuò. 她叫玛丽,在我们公司工作。 [She is Mary. She works in our company.]
 - Tā de shǒujī hàomǎ shì duōshao? 她的手机号码是多少? [What is her phone number?]
 - Duìbuqǐ, wǒ bù zhīdào. 对不起 , 我 不 知道 。 [I'm afraid that I don't know.]



how much

- 2 Mălì, huānyíng nǐ lái wǒmen gōngsī. 玛丽, 欢迎 你来 我们 公司。 [Marry, welcome to join our company.]
 - Xièxie nǐ, Wáng mìshū. 谢谢 你, 王 秘书。 [Thanks, Mr Wang.]
 - Nǐ de diànhuà hàomǎ shì duōshao? 你的电话号码是多少?电话| phone 多少 [What is your phone number?]
 - (D) 010-38458906.
 - Hǎo de, wǒ zhīdào le. Xièxie. 好的,我知道了。谢谢。 [OK, I see. Thanks.]
 - Bú kèqi. 不 客气。 [You are welcome.]

- Zǎoshang hǎo, Wáng mìshū, Zhōu xiānsheng zài ma? 早上 好,王 秘书,周 先生 在 吗? [Good morning Ms Wang. Is Mr Zhou there?]
 - Zǎoshang hǎo, Lǐ jīnglǐ, Zhōu xiānsheng chūchāi le. 早上 好,李 经理, 周 先生 出差 了。 [Good morning Mr Li. Mr Zhou is on business trip.]

[v.]

[v.]

(a call)

- Wǒ gěi tā dǎ gè diànhuà, kěyǐ ma? 我给他打个电话,可以吗? [May l give him a call?]
- Kěyǐ, nín yǒu tā de diànhuà hàomǎ ma? 可以,您有他的电话号码吗? [OK, do you know the number?]
- Tā de diànhuà hàomǎ shì ma?
 他的电话号码是18515055950吗?
 [His number is 18515055950, right?]
- Shì de. 是的。 [Right.]
- Hǎo de, wǒ xiànzài gěi tā dǎ diànhuà. 好的,我现在给他打电话。 [OK,I call him right now.]
- 4 ② Lǐ jīnglǐ, Gāo xiānsheng zhōusān lái gōngsī jiàn nín. 李 经理,高 先生 周 三 来 公司 见 您。 [Mr Li, Mr Gao will meet you on Wednesday.]
 - Wǒ zhōusān chūchāi, qǐng tā jīntiān lái gōngsī ba. 我 周三 出差,请他今天来公司吧。 [I have a business trip on Wednesday. You can ask him to come today.]
 - Hǎo de, wǒ xiànzài gěi tā dǎ diànhuà. 好的,我现在给他打电话。 [OK, I will call him right now.]
 - Wǒ gěi tā dǎ ba, tā de diànhuà hàomǎ shì duōshao? 我给他打吧,他的电话号码是多少? [Let me call him. What is his number?]
 - Gěi nín, zhè shì tā de míngpiàn 给您,这是他的名片。
 - [Here you are. This is his business card.]

 Hǎo de, nǐ qù máng ba.

 好的,你去忙吧。
 [OK. Don't let me keep you from your work.]

5 Wǎnshang hǎo, nín guìxìng? 晚上 好,您贵姓? [Good evening. May I have your last name?]

- Nín hǎo, wǒ xìng Lǐ. 您好,我姓李。 [Good evening. My last name is Li.]
- 上ǐ xiǎojiě, nǐ hǎo, zhè shì wǒ de míngpiàn. 李 小姐 ,你 好 ,这 是 我 的 名片 。 [Ms Li, nice to meet you. This is my card.]
- Duìbuqǐ, wǒ méiyǒu míngpiàn. 对不起 ,我 没有 名片 。 [Sorry, I don't have any business cards.]



- Nín de diànhuà hàomă shì duōshao? 您的电话号码是多少? [What is your phone number?]
- zhè shì wǒ de shǒujī hàomǎ. 18860926912, 这是我的手机号码。 [18860926912 is my mobile number.]
- Hǎo de, xièxie. 好的,谢谢。 [OK.Thanks.]

Passage / 短文 50%

Wǒ xìng Lǐ, jiào Lǐ Míng. Wǒ shì hánguórén, zài ,在 CTI 公司 姓 李, 叫 李 明 。我 是 韩国人 Wǒ lái Zhōngguó chūchāi, zhù zài Jīngběi Bīnguăn de gōngzuò. 出差 我 来 住 中国 在 京北 的 工作 sānlíngwǔ fángjiān. Wǒ de bàngōng diànhuà shì 房间。我的 办公 电话 是 010-56078579, 三零五 wǒ de shǒujī hàomă shì Qĭng gĕi wŏ dă diànhuà. 号码 是 18510481396。 请 给 我 打 我 的 手机

My surname is Li and my full name is Li Ming. I am Korean and work in CTI. I've come to China for a business trip and am staying in room 304 of the Jingbei Hotel. My office phone number is 010-56078579, and my mobile phone number is 18510481396. Please give me a call.

Words and phrases / 词语

shŏuiī 手机, / [n.] mobile phone

diànhuà

电话 / [n.] phone

gěi [prep.] for

[v.] hand over:give

méivŏu

没有 / [v.] not have

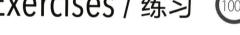
hàomă 号码 / [n.] number

duōshao

多少 / [pron.] how many; how much

打 / [v.] make (a call)

Exercises / 练习 (1995)



1/ Substitution drills

Wǒ de diànhuà hàomă shì

的的 电话 号码 是 010-88340673

15811740963

021-80234579

95566

Qǐng gĕi wŏ dă diànhuà. b / 给 📆 打 电话

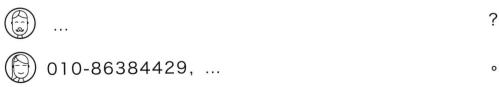
好 的, 我 知道 了。

- 2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.
- a / Mr Wang and Miss Li want to know each other's phone number.

```
… de diànhuà hàomǎ shì duōshao
……的 电话 号码 是 多少
gěi… dǎ diànhuà
给……打 电话
```



b / Mr Wang wants to know Mr Zhou's telephone number. He asks his secretary, Miss Li.











Imagine you are going to China on a business trip, leave a voice message for your Chinese friend to contact you, please use the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

4/ Introduce yourself to your new colleague. Please use the words and sentence patterns you have learned.



坐出租车

[taking a taxi]

Dialogues / 对话



1 ② Nín hǎo, nín qù nǎr? 您好,您去哪儿? [Hello, where would you like to go?]

> Nǐ hǎo, wǒ qù Běijīng Yīyuàn. 你好,我去北京 <mark>医院</mark>。 [Hello, I want to go to Beijing Hospital.]

Hǎo de. 好的。 [OK.]

The taxi is moving...

Yīyuàn dào le, sìshí kuài qián. 医院 到了,四十块 钱。 [We're at the hospital. It's 40 kuai.]

Gěi nín qián, xièxie, zàijiàn. 给您钱,谢谢,再见。 [Here you are. Thanks. Goodbye.]

Zàijiàn. 再见。 [Bye.]

> Nǐ hǎo, qǐng sòng wǒ qù jīchǎng. 你好,请送我去机场。 [Hello. Please take me to the airport.]

[n.] 医院 | hospital



[N] [N.] 送 | Take; send 机场 | airport

The taxi is moving...

Jīchǎng dào le, yībǎi sānshíliù yuán. 机场 到了,一百三十六元。

[mw.] 元丨yuan, *unit of RME*

[We're at the airport. It's 136 yuan.]

Gěi nín liǎng zhāng yībǎi de. 给您两张一百的。 [Here is 200 yuan.]

[mw.] [num.] 张 | used for paper, bed, 百 | hundred table,face, etc.

Zhǎo nín liùshísì yuán, zàijiàn. 找 您六十四元, 再见。 [Here is 64 yuan. Goodbye.]

[v.] 找 | give change

Xièxie, zàijiàn. 谢谢 , 再见 。 [Thanks. Bye.]

3 ② Lǐ xiānsheng, zuò chūzūchē 李 先生 , 坐 出租车 qù yínháng duōshao qián? 去 银行 多少 钱 ?

[n] [n.] 坐|take; travel 出租车|taxi

[Mr Li, do you know how much it costs to get to the bank by taxi?]

Wŭshí kuài.

五十块。 [50 yuan.]

Wŭs

Wǔshí kuài qián? Zhēn guì. 五十块钱?真贵。 [50 yuan? That's too expensive.]

[adj.] 贵 | expensive; costly

Wǒ qù yínhángzhǎo Gāo xiānsheng, wǒ sòng nín qù. 我去银行找高先生 我详你去

我去银行找高先生,我送您去。 [lam going to the bank to meet Mr Gao. I will take you there.]

[v.] 找 | seek; look for

Tài hǎo le, xièxie nín. 太好了,谢谢您。 [Great! Thank you!] 4 ② Nín hǎo, Lǐ xiǎojiě ma? 您好,李小姐 吗? [Hello, is Miss Li speaking?]

Shì de. Nǐ shì... 是的。你是…… [Yes. Who is this?]

Wǒ shì chūzūchē gōngsī de, wǒ xiàwǔ sān diǎn sòng nín 我是出租车公司的,我下午三点送您 qù jīchǎng, kěyǐ ma? 去机场,可以吗? [I'm an employee of the taxi company. Could I take you to the airport at 3:00 pm?]

Bù xíng, wǒ péngyou de fēijī sān diǎn bàn dào, 不行,我 朋友 的飞机 三 点 半 到, [I'm afraid not. My friend's flight will arrive at 3:30.] sān diǎn qù tài wǎn le. 三 点 去太晚了。 [3:00pm is too late.]

Nà wǒ liǎng diǎn sòng nín qù jīchǎng, kéyǐ ma? 那我两点送您去机场,可以吗? [Well, could I take you at 2 o'clock?]

Hǎo de. Xièxie. 好的。谢谢。 [OK.Thanks.]

5 ② Nín hắo, wǒ jiào yí liàng chūzūchē. 您好,我叫一辆 出租车。

[Hello. I want to book a taxi, please.]

Hǎo de, xiānsheng, shénme shíhou? 好的, 先生, 什么 时候?

Míngtiān xiàwǔ sān diǎn. Wǒ zài Jīngběi Bīnguǎn. 明天 下午 三 点。我 在 京北 宾馆。 [3:00pm tomorrow. I'm in the Jingbei Hotel.]

Nín qù nǎr? 您去哪儿? [Where would you like to go?]

Wǒ qù jīchǎng. 我去机场。 [I want to go to the airport.]



15111223344。

Xiānsheng, nín guìxìng? 先生 , 您 贵姓 ? [Sir, may I have your last name?]

Wǒ xìng Lǐ. 我姓李。 [My surname is Li.]

Hǎo de, Lǐ xiānsheng, míngtiān xiàwǔ sān diǎn, 好的,李先生,明天下午三点,[OK, Mr Li, let me check your information, 3:00 pm tomorrow,]

Jīngběi Bīnguǎn dào jīchǎng, nín de diànhuà hàomǎ shì京北宾馆到机场,您的电话号码是15111223344。

[from the Jingbei Hotel to the airport, your phone number is 15111223344.]

Shì de, xièxie, zàijiàn. 是的,谢谢,再见。 [Correct. Thanks! Bye.]

Passage / 短文 50%

wŏ xiànzài zài Běijīng Yīyuàn, Nín hào, xiàwŭ sì diặn 好, 我 现在 在 医院 , 下午 北京 四点 qù jīchăng, nín kěyĭ sòng wŏ ma? Wŏ de diànhuà hàomă shì 机场 , 您 可以 送 去 我 吗?我的 电话 号码 wŏ xìng Lĭ, qǐng gěi wŏ dă diànhuà. 15234234231, 我 姓 李, 请 给 我 打 电话。 zàiiiàn! 再见 Ţ

Hello, I'm in the Beijing Hospital. I want to go to the airport at 4:00 pm. Could you please take me there? My telephone number is 15234234231. My surname is Li. Please give me a call. Thanks, goodbye!

Words and phrases / 词语 🗷



yīyuàn

医院 / [n.] hospital

到 / [v.] arrive; reach

kuài

块 / [mw.] kuai, RMB yuan

钱 / [n.] money

sòng

送 / [v.] Take; send

iīchăng

机场 / [n.] airport

yuán

元 / [mw.] yuan, unit of RMB

zhāng

张 / [mw.] used for paper, bed, table, face, etc.

băi

百/ [num.] hundred

zhăo

[v.] give change
[v.] seek; look for

chūzūchē

出和车 / [n.] taxi

告/ [adj.] expensive; costly

liàna

Exercises / 练习 [100]



1/ Substitution drills.

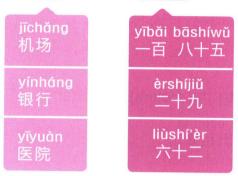
Qǐng sòng wǒ qù gōngsī. a / 请 送 我 去 🔠 公司 。

机场

银行

yīyuàn 医院

Yīyuàn dào le, sìshísān kuài qián. b/医院到了,四十三块钱。



Zhǎo nín èrshíyī yuán c/ 找您 十 元。



2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

nín qù năr	qǐng sòng wǒ qù…		
您 去哪儿	请 送 我 去		
…qùdào le	gěi nín	zhǎo nín	
去 到 了	给 您	找 您	

a / Mr Wang is a taxi driver. Miss Li hails his car to go to the airport.



Nín hǎo, 您好,...

?

0

...

(The taxi is moving...)



. . .

yībǎi sìshíqī yuán. 一百四十七 元。



Hǎo de, 好的,...

		五十三		
	Xièxie. 谢谢。			
b/	Li Tian wants to call a taxi to the Beijing Hos	spital.		
	Nín hǎo, wǒ jiào yí liàng chūzūchē. 您好,我叫一辆出租车。			
	Hǎo de, xiānsheng, 好的, 先生,			?
				,
	wǒ zài 我 在			c
	•••			?
				c
				7
	•••			(
				,
			L. S.	,
	Hǎo de, Lǐ xiānsheng, wǒmen míngtiān gěi r 好的,李 先生 ,我们 明天 给?	in da did 您打 F		0



3/ Mary wants to leave a voice message for a taxi driver. What could she say? Please use the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

1:30 pm on Thursday
From Beijing Bank to the airport
Tel: 18713450978

...

4/ Call a taxi for yourself. Please use the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

...



坐电梯

[Taking the elevator]

Dialogues / 对话



1 ② Nín hǎo, qǐngwèn gōngsī zài jǐ céng? 您好,请问 CTI 公司 在几层?



Wǔ céng. 五 层。

- 2 ② 本 M书,你去几 层? Miss Li, which floor are you going to?]
 - Bā céng, xièxie! 八 层 ,谢谢! [The eighth floor. Thank you!]
 - Bú kèqi! 不 客气! [You are welcome!]
 - Jīntiān de tiānqì zhēn hǎo, bù lěng bú rè. 今天 的 天气 真 好,不 冷 不 热。 [Today is a good day. It is not too cold or too hot.]
 - Shì a! Bā céng dào le, zàijiàn! 是啊!八层到了,再见! [Yeah. Oh, This is the eighth floor. Bye!]
 - Zàijiàn! 再见! [Bye!]

[int.]

used after a sentence to indicate the mood 3 Wáng jīnglǐ, nín qù jǐ céng? 王 经理,您去几层? [Which floor are you going to, Mr Wang?]

Shíwǔ céng. Nǐ gěi Wáng xiānsheng dǎ gè diànhuà, 十五 层。你给 王 先生 打个 电话, zhōu'èr kěyǐ jiànmiàn.

周二 可以 见面 。

[Oh, the fifteenth floor. Please give Mr Wang a phone call and tell him we can meet Tuesday.]

Hǎo, zài nǎr jiànmiàn? 好,在哪儿 见面 ? [OK, where should he meet you?]

Wŏmen gōngsī ba. 我们 公司 吧。 [My company.]

Hǎo de. 好的。 [OK.]

Shíwǔ céng dào le, zàijiàn! 十五 层 到 了, 再见! [Oh, this is the fifteenth floor,bye!]

Zàijiàn! 再见! [Bye!]

4 ② Nín hǎo, huānyíng nín lái Jīngběi Bīnguǎn. 您好, 欢迎 您来京北 宾馆。[Hello,welcome to the Jingbei Hotel.]

Nín hǎo! Zhè shì wǒ de hùzhào. 您好!这是我的护照。 [Hello! This is my passport.]

Hǎo de, nín de fángjiān shì liùlíngsān 好的,您的房间是六零三。 [Yes,your room is 603.]

Shì liù céng ma? 是六层吗? [Is it on the sixth foor?]



Shì de nín kěví zuò èr hào diàntī. 是 的, 您 可以 坐 二 号 电梯。 [Yes, you can take the number two elevator.]

[n.] 电梯 lelevator



Diàntī zài năr? 电梯 在哪儿?

[Excuse me, where is the elevator?]



Zài zhèr, gǐng! 在这儿、请!

[Just here, please!]



Xièxie!

谢谢!

[Thank you!]



Zàijiàn!

再见! [Bye!]



Hǎojiǔ bú jiàn, Lǐ jīnglǐ!

好久 不 见, 李 经理!

[Long time no see, Mr Li!]

Hǎojiǔ bú jiàn, Wáng jīnglǐ, nín qù jǐ céng? 好久 不 见 , 王 经理, 您 去 几 [Long time no see, Mr Wang, which floor are you going to?]

Èrshísān céng, gōngzuò máng ma? 二十三 层 , 工作 吗?

[The 23th floor. Are you busy recently?]

Máng! Shíwǔ hào hé Mălì qù Měiguó chūchāi, ! 十五 号 和 玛丽 去 美国 忙 tā de bàngōngshì shì zài èrshísān céng ba? 办公 室 是 在 二十三 层 吧?

[Yes, I went on a business trip to the US on the 15th with Mary. By the way, is her office on the 23th floor? 1

Mălì? Tā de bàngōngshì zài èrshí'èr céng. 在二十二层。 玛丽?她的 办公室 [Mary? Her office is on the 22nd floor.]



Shì ma?

是吗? [Are you sure?]



Shì a, wŏ yĕ zài èrshí'èr céng, èrshí'èr céng dào le. 是 啊, 我 也 在 二十二 层 , 二十二 [Yes, I am on the 22nd too. Oh we are here.]





Bú kèqi! 不 客气! [You are welcome!]

Passage / 短文 500

nĭ hặo, Wáng Huān. huānyíng nǐ! Wŏ shì 你 好, 欢迎 你! 我 Wáng jīnglǐ de mìshū. Wŏ gĕi nǐ jièshào yíxià, wŏmen gōngsī zài 经理的 秘书。我给你介绍一下。 我们 jīnglǐ de bàngōngshì zài liù céng. vī dào shí céna 经理 的 办公室 在六 层 。这儿 yī dào wǔ céng kěyǐ zuò yī hào diàntī, liù dào shí céng 电梯, 一到五层可以坐一号电梯, 六到十 kěví zuò èr hào diàntī. 可以坐二号电梯。

Hello, Wang Huan, welcome to our company! I am Li Tian, Mr Wang's secretary. Please let me introduce our company to you. We are on the 1st to the 10th floors. The manager's office is on the 6th floor. Here are two elevators: to reach the 1st to 5th floor used the first elevator, and use the second elevator to go to the 6th to 10th floors.

Words and phrases / 词语 💿

céng 层 / [mw.] floor; layer

阿 / [int.] used after a sentence to indicate the mood

diàntī 电梯/ [n.] elevator; lift

Exercises / 练习 💿



1/ Substitution drills.



层 到了。



Mălì de bàngōngshì zài jiǔ céng.

b / 四丽的 办公室 在师层。





Nín kěyĭ zuò yī hào diàntī dào shí'èr céng. c/ 您可以坐 🔵号 电梯 到 冊 层。



2/ Complete the dialogues, using the words and phrases you have learned.

…dào … céng …dào le zài… céng ……到 …… 景 在 …… 层

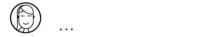
a / Mr Li is checking-in at the front desk of the hotel. The following dialogue is between him and the staff.

® 好,	Jīngběi 京北	Bīnguǎn 宾馆	1.
Nín hǎo, 您好,			0
D Hǎo de, 好的,			0
			?
Shì de, nín kěyǐ 是的,您可以			0
			?
Zài zhèr, qǐng! 在 这儿, 请!			
Zàijiàn!			

再见!

Zàijiàn! 再见! b / This is the first time Mr Wang has been to this company. Now he is at the front desk. The following dialogue is between him and Miss Li.





Jīnglǐ de bàngōngshì zài jǐ céng? 经理的 办公室 在几 层?



...









0 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

3/ You are a secretary and will introduce your company to new staff. What would you say? Please try to speak using the following hints.

```
gōngsī: yī dào shíwǔ céng a / 公司:一到十五层

jīnglǐ de bàngōngshì: shí céng b / 经理的 办公室:十层

diàntī: yī, èr, sān hào c / 电梯:一、二、三号

yī hào diàntī: yī dào wǔ céng — 号 电梯:一到五层
èr hào diàntī: liù dào shí céng 二号 电梯:六到十层
sān hào diàntī: yī dào shíwǔ céng 三号电梯:一到十五层
```

16

xĭshŏujiān zài năr

洗手间在哪儿

[Where is the bathroom?]

Dialogues / 对话



Thè shì shéi? 这是谁?



Nǐ de yòubian shì shéi? 你的 右边 是 谁? [Who is on you right?]

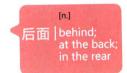
Wǒ de yòubian shì Shānkǒu xiānsheng. 我的右边是山口 先生。 [Mr Yamaquchi is on my right.] [n.] 左边 | left; the left side

[n.] 右边 | right; the right side

Zuǒbian shì Lǐ jīnglǐ, yòubian shì Zhōu xiānsheng. 左边 是李经理,右边 是 周 先生 。 [On the left is Mr Li and on the right is Mr Zhou.]

Lǐ jīnglǐ hòumian shì shéi? 李 经理 后面 是 谁? [Who is this behind Mr Li?]

Hòumian shì Wáng mìshū. 后面 是 王 秘书。 [Oh, that is Miss Wang.] [n.] 前面 | in front of; at the head; ahead



Wáng mìshū, wǒ zuò năr? 秘书, 我坐哪儿? [Where should I sit, Miss Wang?]

Lǐ jīnglǐ nín zuò 李 经理 您 坐 18B。 [Let me see. You should sit in 18B.]

Nǐ zuò năr? 你 坐 哪儿? [And where is your seat?]

Wǒ zuò zài nín de hòumiàn. 坐在您的 后面 [I am sitting in 19B, just behind you.]

Shānkŏu xiānshena zuò năr? ШΠ 先生 坐 哪儿? [Where is Mr Yamaguchi?]

Shānkǒu xiānsheng zuò zài nín de zuŏbian. 先生 坐在您的 左边。 [Mr Yamaguchi sits just on your left.]

[n.] 洗手间 bathroom

Lǐ mìshū, duìbuqǐ, qǐngwèn xǐshǒujiān zài năr? 李 秘书, 对不起, 请问 洗手间 在哪儿? [Excuse me, Miss Li, where is the bathroom?]



Wăng gián zŏu. 往 前 走。 [Straight ahead.]

[prep.] [v.] 往 | toward; 走丨walk

Zài diàntī nàr ma? 在 电梯 那儿吗? [Is it near the elevator?]

Shì, zài diàntī de yòubian. 是, 在电梯的 右边。 [Yes, it is to the right of the elevator.]



Lĭ mìshū. Xièxie ni. 谢谢 你, 李 秘书。 [Thank you very much, Miss Li.]



Bú kègi. 不 客气。

[You are welcome.]

5 李 秘书, 王 经理的 办公室 在哪儿? [Excuse me, Miss Li, Where is Mr. Wang's office?]

Tā de bàngōngshì zài wǔlíngyī 他的 办公室 在 五零一。 [His office is in room 501.]

Wŭlíngyī zài nǎr? 五零一 在 哪儿? [And where is 501?]

Nín wǎng qián zǒu. 您 往 前 走。 [Go straight ahead.]

Xǐshǒujiān zài nǎr? 洗手间 在哪儿? [And where is the bathroom?]

Zài diàntī zuŏbian. 在 电梯 左边。 [It is on the left side of the elevator.]

Hǎo de, xièxie! 好的,谢谢! [OK, thank you!]

Bú kèqi! 不 客气! [You are welcome!]





Passage / 短文 509)

Jīntiān wŏ dì-yī tiān shàngbān, Lǐ mìshū gěi wǒ 今天 我第一天 上班 . 李 秘书 给 我 jièshàole yíxià. Wáng jīnglǐ de bàngōngshì zài liù céng. Ŧ 经理 的 办公室 kěví zuò èr hào diàntī, diàntī de zuŏbian shì xǐshŏujiān, 可以 坐 二 号 电梯, 电梯 的 左边 wăng qiánzŏu shì jīnglǐ de bànggōngshì, iīnalĭ de 往 前走 是 经理 的 办公室 bàngōngshì yòubian shì mìshū de bàngōngshì. 办公室 右边 是 秘书 的 办公

Today is my first day at work, and Miss Li show me around the company. The manager's office is on the 6th floor which we can reach using the number two elevator. On the left of the elevator is the bathroom. If you want to look for the manager's office, just go straight. To the manager's office's right is the secretary's office.

[num.] the first

Words and phrases / 词语 zuŏbian vòubian zuopian 左边 / [n.] left; 左边 / [n.] the left side 右边 / [n.] right; the right side

/ [n.] in front of; at the head; ahead xĭshŏuiiān 洗手间 / [n.] toilet; washroom; bathroom

ZŎIJ 走 / [v.] walk

qiánmiàn

hòumiàn / [n.] behind; at the back; in the rear 后面

往 / [prep.] toward; to

dì-yī 第一/ [num.] the first

Exercises / 练习

Substitution drills



Qĭngwèn xĭshŏujiān zàinăr? 在哪儿? huìyìshì 会议室

bàngōngshì 办公室



Wăng

qián zǒu 走。 yòu

zuŏ 左

Nǐ zuò zài năr? 你 坐 在 哪儿?



Wǒ zuò zài nǐ de qiánmiàn. 我坐在你的

hòumiàn 后面

zuŏbian 左边 yòubian 右边

2/ Complete the dialogues, using the following words and phrases you have learned.

Miss Mary wants to know where the office and the bathroom are. She asks Miss Li.

...zài năr? ... zài ... ……在哪儿?



Wáng mìshū, nǐ hǎo 秘书, 你好, ...

?







3/ Talk about the picture.



4/ Think and talk about who is sitting around you, please use the words and phrases you have learned.

...



zài zhuōzi shang

在 桌子 上

[On the table]

Dialogues / 对话



1 ② Lǐ mìshū, míngtiān kāihuì de wénjiàn zài năr? 李 秘书, 明天 开会 的 文件 在 哪儿?
[Where are the documents for tomorrow's meeting, Miss Wang?]

[n.] 文件 | document

Zài nín de zhuōzi shang, jīnglǐ. 在您的桌子上,经理。 [Those are on your office table.]

(n.) (n.) 桌子 | desk; table 上 | above; on; up

- Hǎo de, xièxie! 好的,谢谢!
- - Zài nín de zhuōzi shang, 在您的桌子上。 [It is on your office table.]
 - Hǎo, wǒ zhīdào le. Nǐ qù dǎyìn yíxià zhège wénjiàn. 好,我知道了。你去打印一下这个文件。 [Good, I see. Please go to print this document.]

[v.] 打印 | print

Hǎo de. 好的。 [OK.]

- - Zài zhuōzi shang ma? 在桌子上吗? [Is it on the table?]

Bú zài. 不 在。

[No.]

Zài wénjiàn shàngbian ma? 在文件 上边 吗?

[Is it under the document?]

Zhǎodào le, zài wénjiàn xiàbian.) 找到 了,在 文件 下边。

[I found it. It is under the document.]

[n.] 上边 | above; on; up

[n.] 下边 | below; under; down

Wáng Tiān, nǐ hǎo, huānyíng nǐ lái wǒmen gōngsī shàngbān! 王 天,你好,欢迎你来我们公司上班! [Hello, Wang Tian, welcome to our company!]

Qǐngwèn wǒ de zhuōzi zài nǎr? 请问 我的桌子在哪儿? [Excuse me, where is the printer?]

Zài nàr 在 那儿。 [Just over there.]

Xièxie. 谢谢。 [Thank you.]

Bú kèqi. 不 客气。 [You are welcome!]

5 Jīnglǐ, zhè shì jīntiān de liǎng gè wénjiàn. 经理, 这是 今天的两个文件。[Mr Wang, these are the two documents today.]

Shénme wénjiàn? 什么 文件 ? [What documents?]



Shànamiàn zhège shì Shānkǒu xiānsheng

这个 是 山口

sònglái de, xiàmiàn zhège shì vínháng de. 这个 是 银行 下面

[The one on the top was sent by Mr Yamaquchi, and the one below is from the bank.]

[n.] 上面 | above; on; up 下面 | below; under:

Hặo de, zhīdào le. Nǐ qù dǎyìn yíxia zhège wénjiàn. 的, 知道 了。你去打印一下这个文件。 [OK, I see.Please print this document.]

Hặo de



好 的。 [OK.]

Wǒ de hùzhào zài năr? Wǒ xià zhōu chūchāi. 的 护照 在哪儿?我 下 周 [Where is my passport? Next week I have a business trip.]

below; under;



Zài nín de zhuōzi shana. 在 您 的 桌子 上 。

[It is on your office table.]



Zhīdào le, xièxie! 知道 了, 谢谢! [Oh, I see it. Thank you!]

Passage / 短文 50%



Zhè shì Wáng jīnglǐ de bàngōngzhuō. 是 王 经理 的 办公桌 zhuōzi shang yŏu diànnăo, kāfēi hé wénjiàn. 有 电脑 、咖啡和 桌子 kāfēi zài diànnăo de yòubian; diànnăo 右边: 电脑 的 咖啡在 电脑 的 giánmiàn shì wénjiàn.

是 文件。 前面

This is Mr Wang office table. There is a computer, coffee and some documents on the table. To the right of the computer is the coffee. The computer is in front of the documents.



电脑 | computer 咖啡 | coffee

Words and phrases / 词语 💿



wéniiàn

文件 / [n.] document

zhuōzi

桌子 / [n.] desk; table

shàna

/ [n.] above; on; up

打印 / [v.] print

shànabian

上边 / [n.] above; on; up

xiàbian

下边 / [n.] below; under; down

shànamiàn

上面 / [n.] above; on; up

xiàmiàn

下面 / [n.] below; under; down

下 / [n.] below; under; down; next

kāfēi

咖啡 / [n.] coffee

diànnăo

电脑 / [n.] computer

Exercises / 练习 (100)



1/ Substitution drills



Lǐ mìshū, wénjiàn zài năr? 李 秘书, 文件 在 哪儿?



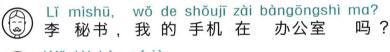
Wénjiàn zài nín de zhuōzi shang.

文件 在您的桌子 上。

hùzhào kāfēi 护照 咖啡 2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the following words and sentence patterns you have learned.



Mr Wang's mobile phone was left in the office. He calls Miss Li to help him.







不在。

Yě bú zài.

也不在。

Zài, zài nín de zhuōzi xià.

在,在您的桌子下。

Zhīdào le, xièxie! 知道 了, 谢谢!



3/ Describe the following picture. Please use the words and phrases you have learned.



4/ Think and talk about your office desk. Please use the words and phrases you have learned.

•••



[In the dining room]

Dialogues / 对话



1 🔘

Xiānsheng, huānyíng lái wǒmen cāntīng! 先生 欢迎 来 我们 餐厅!

[Welcome to our restaurant!]

Nín lái diănr shénme?

您 来 点儿 什么 ?

[What would you like?]



Lái bēi kāfēi ba. Duōshao qián?

来 杯 咖啡 吧。 多少 钱?

[Please bring me some coffee. How much is it?]



Sānshí yuán

三十 元。

[30 yuan.]



Hào de, gĕi nín qián.

好的,给您钱

[OK. Here is the money.]



Wèi nín hảo, shì cāntīng ma?

喂,您好,是餐厅吗?

[Hello! Is this the restaurant?]



Shì de, xiānsheng.

是 的, 先生

[Yes, sir. What would you like?]



Qǐng gĕi wŏmen sòng diǎnr píjiǔ.

请 给 我们 送 点儿 啤酒。

[Please send us some beers.]



Nín zài năge fángjiān?

您 在 哪个 房间 ?

[Which room are you in?]

[v.]

来 used to indicate some action

[n.] 餐厅 | restaurant

[mw.]

林 | a cup of (coffee, tea, etc.



Wŏ zài sìlíngbā fángjiān.

我 在 四零八 房间 。 [Room 408.]

Hăo de.

好的。

[OK!]

3

Lǐ xiǎojiě, zhège cài hǎochī ma? 李 小姐 ,这个 菜 好吃 吗? [Miss Li,is this dish delicious?]

ɪn.] [adj.] 菜 | dish 好吃 | delicious

Hǎochī, nàge cài yě hěn hǎochī. 好吃 , 那个 菜 也 很 好吃 。

[It's delicious.That dish tastes good,too.]

wǒmen lái diǎnr píjiǔ ba. 我们 来点儿啤酒吧。

[Let's have some beers.]

Hǎo! Gānbēi! 好! 干杯!

[OK! Cheers!]

[M] 干杯 | cheers

Gānbēi!

干杯! [Cheers!]

4

Fúwùyuán, duōshao qián? 服务员 , 多少 钱 ? [Waiter. How much for these?]

服务员 | attendant; waiter; waitress

Kāfēi sìshí yuán, chá sānshíbā yuán. 咖啡 四十 元 , 茶 三十八 元 ,

[Coffee costs 40 yuan. Tea costs 38 yuan.]

[n.] 茶 | tea

刷 | swipe (card)

Wǒ shuā xìnyòngkă, zhè shì wǒ de xìnyòngkă.

我 刷 信用卡 ,这 是 我 的 信用卡 [I will use my credit card. This is my credit card.]

[n.] 信用卡 | credit card

2

Xièxie, huānyíng zài lái!

谢谢, 欢迎 再来!

[Thanks. Welcome back anytime!]



Zàiiiàn!

再见

[Bye!]

5 Wǔ diǎn bàn le! Xiàbān le! 五点半了,下班了!
[It's 5:30 now. It's time to get off work.]

Jīntiān gōngzuò zhēn máng! 今天 工作 真 忙! [Today's work has been very busy!]

Wǒmen qù hē yì bēi ba 我们 去喝一杯吧? [Let's go for a drink?]



- Qù nǎr hē? 去 哪儿 喝? [Where shall we go?]
- Qiánmiàn nàge cāntīng de píjiǔ hěn hǎo hē. 前面 那个 餐厅 的 啤酒 很 好 喝。 [The beer in that American restaurant in front of us is very good!]
- Hǎo, wǒmen qù hē diǎnr. 好,我们去喝点儿。 [OK! Let's have some beers there.]
- Tài hắo le! 太好了! [Great!]

Passage / 短文 500

Wǒ hé Wáng mìshū qù gōngsī cāntīng chīfàn. Wǒmen diǎn 王 秘书 去 公司 餐厅 吃饭 。我们 le sì gè cài. Wǒ hēle diǎnr kāfēi, Wáng mìshū hēle diǎnr 秘书 喝了 点儿 了四个菜。我喝了点儿咖啡, 王 tā hēle diănr chá. píjiů. Li jīngli yě zài cāntīng, Canting de 啤酒。李 经理 也 在 餐厅 , 他 喝了 点儿 茶 。 fúwùyuán hěn hắo, cài hěn hắochī, kāfēi yě hěn hắo hē. 好吃,咖啡也很好喝。 很好,菜很

M 点 order

I went to our company restaurant to have dinner with Secretary Wang. We ordered four dishes. I drank some coffee while Secretary Wang had some drinks. Mr Li also there. He had some tea. The waiter in the restaurant was very good. The dishes were very delicious. The coffee tasted good, too.

Words and phrases / 词语 🕟



lái

来 / [v.] used to indicate some action

cāntīna

餐斤 / [n.] restaurant

杯 / [mw.] a cup of (coffee, tea, etc.)

píiiŭ

啤酒 / [n.] beer

cài

菜 / [n.] dish

hăochī

好吃 / [adj.] delicious

aānbēi

干杯 / [v.] cheers

fúwùvuán

服务员 / [n.] attendant; waiter; waiter;

茶 / [n.] tea

shuā

刷 / [v.] swipe (card)

xìnyòngkă

信用卡 / [n.] credit card

喝 / [v.] drink

diăn

点 / [v.] order

Exercises / 练习 (100)



1/ Substitution drills

Fúwùyuán: Xiānsheng, nín lái diǎnr shénme? a / 服务员 : 先生 , 您 来 点儿

> Lixiansheng: Lái diánr kafei. 李先生 : 来 点儿 咖啡。

píjiŭ 啤酒

chá



2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.



a / Mr Li and Miss Wang have dinner together. They want to order some drinks.



b / Mr Wang wants to have some coffee and use a credit card to pay the bill. Xiānsheng, nín hǎo, 先生 , 您 好, ...

?

?



Sānshí kuài. 三十 块。



?



Kěví. Nín kěyĭ shuā xìnvònakă.

可以, 您 可以 刷 信用卡。

Tell the waiter what people want to drink. Please use the words and phrases you have learned.



Lĭ jīnglĭ

李 经理: ...

Măli 玛丽: ...

0

Wáng Tiān

天 : ... Ŧ



[In the supermarket]

Dialogues / 对话



1

Xīngqītiān chāoshì de shuǐguǒ hěn piányi, 星期天 超市 的 水果 很 便宜 [The fruit in the supermarket on Sunday are very cheap.]

Wŏmen qù măi diănr ba.

我们 去 买 点儿 吧。

[Let's go and buy some?]



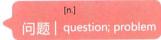
Hǎo a! jǐ diǎn qù? 好啊!几点去? [OK!When?]



Wǒmen xiàwǔ liù diǎn zài chāoshì jiàn? 我们 下午 六 点 在 超市 见? [Let's meet in the supermarket at 6:00pm.]



Hǎo de, méi wèntí! 好的,没问题! [OK! No problem!]



[n.]

[adj.]

亚 | buy

便宜|

[n.]

水果 | fruit

2

Nín hǎo! Qǐngwèn shuǐguǒ zài nǎr? 您好!请问水果在哪儿?

[Excuse me. Where is the fruit?]



Shuǐguǒ zài chāoshì de èr céng.

水果 在 超市 的 二 层 。

Nín zuò diàntī qù ba.

您 坐 电梯 去 吧。

[The fruit is on the second floor. You can take the elevator.]



Diàntī zài nǎr? 电梯 在 哪儿? [Where is the elevator?]



Hǎo de, xièxie nín! 好的,谢谢您!

3 Qǐngwèn, kāfēi zài nǎr? 请问 ,咖啡在哪儿? [Excuse me, where is the coffee in this supermarket?]

Wǎng qián zǒu, zài shuǐguǒ de zuǒbian. 往前走,在水果的左边。 [Straight ahead. Coffee is to the left of the fruit.]

Shuǐ ne? 水 呢? [How about water?] [n.]
7K | water

Yě zài nàr. 也在那儿。 [It's also there.]

Hǎo de, xièxie! 好的,谢谢! [OK!Thanks!]

4 ② Jīntiān chāoshì de rén zhēn duō! 今天 超市 的 人 真 多! [There are so many people in the supermarket today!]

Wǎnshang chāoshì de rén duō, shàngwǔ rén shǎo 晚上 超市 的 人 多 , 上午 人 少 。 [There are many people in the evening, but few in the morning.]

Nǐ kàn, qiánmiàn nà wèi shì Wáng xiǎojiě. 你看,前面 那位是 王 小姐。 [Look, That's Miss Wang in front of us.]

Wáng xiǎojiě? wǒ bú rènshi. 王 小姐?我不认识。 [Miss Wang? I don't know her.]

Tā zài wǒmen gōngsī gōngzuò, wǒ lái jièshào yíxià. 她在我们公司工作,我来介绍一下。 [She works in my company. I'll introduce her to you.]



- Bù xiūxi, xīngqīliù chāoshì de rén hěn duō! 不休息,星期六 超市 的人 很 多! [No. There are many people in the supermarket on Saturday.]
- Wǒmen qù chāoshì mǎi diǎnr zhōngguóchá ba. 我们 去 超市 买 点儿 中国茶 吧。 [I want to buy some Chinese tea in the supermarket.]
- Xíng, zhōngguóchá hěn hảo hē. 行 , 中国茶 很 好 喝。 [Chinese tea tastes good!]
- Wǒmen wǎnshang qù chāoshì, zěnmeyàng? 我们 晚上 去 超市, 怎么样? [How about going to the supermarket in the evening?]
- Méi wèntí! 没问题! [No problem!]

怎么样 | How about it? What do you think?

(inquiring for comments and

Passage / 短文 50%

Jīntiān shàngwǔ wǒ qù chāoshì le, chāoshì rén bù 今天 上午 我去 超市 了, 超市 人不duō. Wǒ mǎile kāfēi, píjiǔ, shuǐguǒ hé cài. Kāfēi hé多。我买了咖啡、啤酒,水果 和菜。咖啡和píjiǔ hěn piányi, shuǐguǒ hé cài hěn guì. 啤酒很便宜,水果和菜很贵。

[n.] 菜 | vegetable

I went to the supermarket in the morning. There were not so many people there. I bought some coffee, beer, fruit and vegetable. Coffee and beer are very cheap, but fruit and vegetable are very expensive.

Words and phrases / 词语

chāoshì

超市 / [n.] supermarket shuĭguŏ

水果 / [n.] fruit

piányi

便宜 / [adj.] cheap; inexpensive

măi

买 / [v.] buy

wèntí

问题 / [n.] question; problem

shuĭ

7K / [n.] water

shăo

少 / [adj.] not much/many

zěnmevàna

怎么样 / [pron.] How about it? What do you think? (inquiring for comments and suggestions as an independent sentence)

Exercises / 练习



Substitution drills

Wŏmen qù chāoshì măi shuĭguŏ, zěnmeyàng?

我们 超市 a / 去

(买 水果),

餐厅 bàngōngshì 办公室

kāihuì 开会

hē kāfēi

喝咖啡

Jīntiān de shuǐguǒ hěn piányi.

b / 今天 水果 的 很便宜。



auì

bú auì

a /

2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the following words and sentence patterns you have learned.

b / Mr Wang wants to buy some Chinese tea in a supermarket. He asks Miss Li for help.





...

3/ Talk about what you would like to buy according to the shopping list, please using the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

Shopping	list
Coffee	40.00
Beer	25.00
Chinese Tea	80.00
Fruit	28.00
Water	8.00

4/ Talk about your recent experience in the supermarket. What did you buy? Was it cheap or expensive? Please use the words and sentence patterns you have learned.

...



[Booking a ticket]

Dialogues / 对话 (25%)



Wáng mìshū qǐng nǐ lái yíxià wǒ de bàngōngshì. 王 秘书, 请 你 来 一下 我 的 办公室 [Mr Wang, please come to my office.]



Xià zhōu wǒ qù Běijīng chūchāi, nǐ dìng yíxià bīnguǎn. 下 周 我 去 北京 出差 ,你 订 一下 宾馆 。 [Next week I will go to Beijing on business. Please book the hotel.]



[n.]



Wáng mìshū, qǐng nǐ lái yíxià wǒ de bàngōngshì. 秘书, 请你来一下我的 办公室。 Ŧ [Mr Wang, please come to my office.]



Xià zhōu wǒ qù Běijīng chūchāi, nǐ dìng yíxià fēijīpiào. 我 去 北京 出差 ,你 订 一下 飞机票。 票 | ticket [Next week I will go to Beijing on business.Please book the plane ticket.]

Shàngwǔ shí diǎn de fēijī, kěyǐ ma? 十 点 的飞机,可以 吗? [There is a plane that leaves at 10 o'clock. Is that OK?]



3 Míngtiān wǎnshang, wǒ qǐng Shānkǒu xiānsheng明天 晚上 ,我 请 山口 先生chīfàn nǐ dìng yíxià cāntīng. 吃饭 ,你 订 一下 餐厅 。



[I will treat Mr Yamaguchi to dinner tomorrow night. Please book a restaurant.]

- Hǎo de, Lǐ jīnglǐ Chī Zhōngguócài ma? 好的,李经理。吃中国菜吗? [OK, Mr Li. Can we book a Chinese restaurant?]
- Shānkǒu xiānsheng shì rìběnrén, chī rìběncài ba. 山口 先生 是 日本人,吃 日本菜 吧。 [Mr Yamaguchi is Japanese, so please book a Japanese restaurant.]
- Hǎo de. Liǎng gè rén ma? 好的。两个人吗? [OK, table for two?]
- Sì gè rén, Wáng jīnglǐ hé Mǎlì xiǎojiě yě qù. 四个人, 王 经理和玛丽小姐也去。 [Four. Mr Wang and Miss Mary will go, too.]
- Hǎo de, wǒ zhīdào le. 好的,我知道了。 [OK,Igetit.]
- - Shì de, nín hǎo! 是的,您好! [Yes. Hello!]
 - Wǒ dìng yí gè fángjiān, shíyīyuè èrshísān hào dào èrshíliù hào. 我 订 一 个 房间 ,十一月 二十三 号 到 二十六 号。 [I want to book a room from the 23rd of Nov to the 26th.]
 - Nin guixing? 您 贵姓? [What's your surname?]
 - Wǒ xìng Zhāng, diànhuà hàomǎ shì 我姓张, 电话号码是13797237688. [My surname is Zhang, my telephone number is 13797237688.]



Wièxie! Zàijiàn! 谢谢! 再见! [Thanks! Bye-bye!]



Nín hǎo! Wǒ dìng yì zhāng èrshísì hào qù Běijīng de fēijīpiào. 您好!我订一 张 二十四号去北京的飞机票。 [Hello,l want to book a plane ticket to Beijing on the 24th.]

Shàngwǔ shí diǎn, kěyǐ ma? 上午 十 点 ,可以 吗?

Kěyǐ. 可以。 [OK.]

Nín guìxìng? 您 贵姓? [May I have your surname?]

Wǒ jiào Lǐ Zàitiān, wǒ shì hánguórén, 我 叫 李 在天 ,我 是 韩国人 , wǒ de hùzhào hàomǎ shì 我 的 护照 号码 是 M20502782 [My name is Li Zaitian, I'm South Korean. My passport number is M20502782]

Hǎo de, dìnghǎo le. 好的, 订好了。 [OK. Your booking is finished.]

Xièxie! zàijiàn! 谢谢! 再见! [Thanks! Bye-bye!]

Passage / 短文 50%

jīnglĭ, fēijīpiào wŏ dìnghặo le. shívīvuè èrshísān 李 经理. 飞机票 我 订好 了, 十一月 hào shànawǔ shí diặn. Bīnguǎn wǒdìng de shì Jīngběi Bīnguǎn 点。 宾馆 我 订 的是 èrshísān hào dào èrshíliù hào. Jīntiān wănshang nín gǐng Shānkŏu 到 二十六 号。 今天 晚上 xiansheng chifàn de canting yĕ dìnghǎo le, liù diăn zài Rìběn 吃饭 的 餐厅 也 了, 六 点 订好 在 cantīna. 餐厅

Mr Li, I have booked the plane ticket. The time is 10:00 am, 23rd Nov. The hotel I booked is the Jingbei Hotel from the 23rd to the 26th. The restaurant you will treat Mr Wang at tonight has been booked. It's the Japanese Restaurant at 6:00 pm.

Words and phrases / 词语 🧷

ding

iT / [v.] book; reserve

piào

票 / [n.] ticket

qĭng

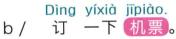
请 / [v.] treat; entertain

Exercises / 练习 ()

1/ Substitution drills.









2/ Complete the following dialogues, using the following words and sentence patterns you have learned.

dìng yíxià 订 一下 qǐng lái yíxià 请 来 一下 . . .

Pháo de. 好的。

Wáng jīnglǐ míngtiān qù Běijīng chūchāi, 王 经理 明天 去 北京 出差 ,

Hǎo de, 好的,

Kěyǐ, tā zài Běijīng zhù liǎng tiān, 可以,他在 北京 住 两 天 , ..

Wǒ zhīdào le. 我知道了。

- 3/ Answer the following questions.
- a / Mr Li calls Miss Wang to go his office at 2:30 pm. What should he say?

b / Mr Li is going to Beijing on business on the 21st of Dec. Please tell Miss Wang to book an airplane ticket for him.

...

附录 Appendices

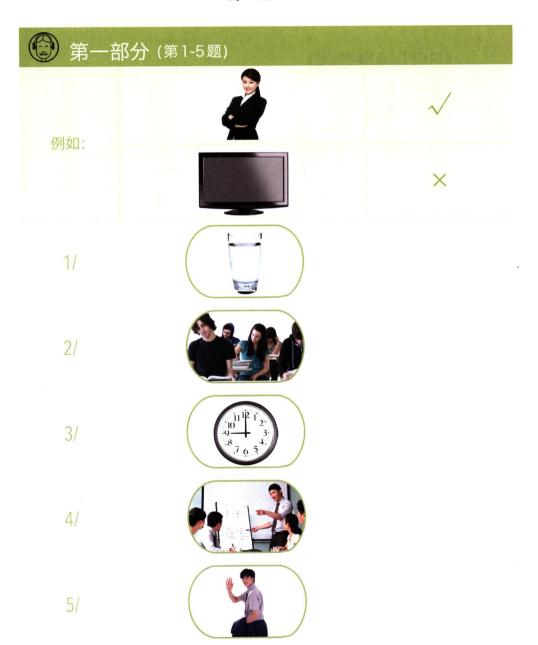
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注意/

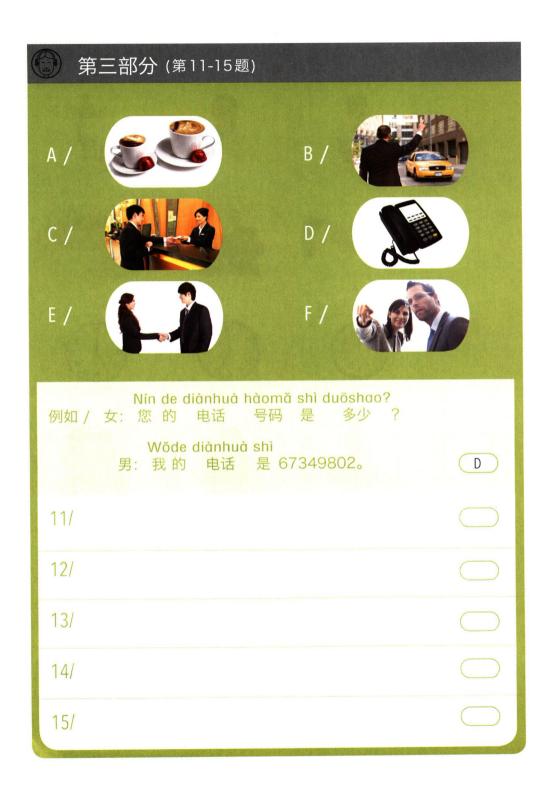
- - (20 题, 17 分钟)
- 二/全部考试约40分钟。



听 力



第二部分 (第6-10题) 例如: 6/ A 7/ 9/



第四部分 (第16-20题)

Wána mìshū shì zhōngquórén, 王 秘书 是 中国人

Lǐ iīnalǐ shì hánauórén. 李 经理 是 韩国人 。

Lǐ jīnglǐ shì nă guó rén?

李 经理 是 哪 国 人 ?

hánguórén zhōngguórén měiguórén A 中国人 B 美国人 C 韩国人

bīnguăn chāoshì iīchăna 16/ A 机场 B 宾馆 C 超市 shàngbian vòubian 17/ A 上边 C 右边 B 左边 xīngaīvī xīnaaīsān xīngaīwŭ 18/ C 星期五 星期一 B 星期三 19/ A 507 B 705 C 707 iīntiān xiàwŭ míngtiān shàngwǔ míngtiān xiàwǔ A 今天 下午 B 明天 上午 C 明天



阅读

第一部分	(第21-25题)		
例如:		shǒujī 手机	×
DUXH.		fēijī 飞机	~
21/		<mark>shàngbān</mark> 上班	
22/		xìnyòngkǎ 信用卡	
23/		<mark>cāntīng</mark> 餐厅	
24/		x <mark>ǐshǒujiān</mark> 洗手间	
25/	1	<mark>wăng yòu zŏu</mark> 往右走	

第二部分 (第26-30题)	
A / B /	
C / D /	R.O.
E/ F/	
Jīntiān zhēn lěng! 例如 / 今天 真 冷!	С
Gānbēi! 26/ 干杯 !	
Wáng mìshū xiūxi le. 27/ 王 秘书 休息 了。	
Qù wǒmen gōngsī qǐng wǎng qiái 28/ 去 我们 公司 请 往 前	
Lǐ xiānsheng, qǐng zuò. 29/ 李 先生 ,请 坐。	
Gěi nín kuải qián. 30/ 给您100块钱。	

第三部分 (第31-35题)	
diǎn de fēijī, kěyǐ ma? 例如 / 11 点 的飞机,可以吗?	F
Nín de shǒujī hàomǎ shì duōshao? 31/ 您的手机号码是多少?	
Wǒ wǎnshang diǎn xiàbān. 32/ 我 晚上 8 点 下班 。	
Nà wèi shì shéi? 33/ 那 位 是 谁 ?	
Lǐ xiǎojiě de wénjiàn ne? 34/ 李 小姐 的 文件 呢 ?	
yuè hào zěnmeyàng? 35/ 4月15号 怎么样 ?	
Nǐ zhēn máng! A / 你 真 忙!	TAKET A
Zài zhuōzi shang. B / 在 桌子 上 。	
Bù xíng,wǒ bú zài. C / 不 行,我不在。	
D / 18329485507。	
Wáng nǚshì. E / 王 女士。	
Hǎo de, xièxie! F / 好 的, 谢谢!	

第四部分(第3	36-40题)	
gōngsī	chūchāi	guì
A / 公司	B / 出差	C/贵
huānyíng	dǎyìn	duìbuqǐ
D / 欢迎	E / 打印	F / 对不起
Nín 例如 / 您 C	xìng?)姓?	



40/ 女: , 我来晚了。

Méi guānxi. 男:没关系。

《BCT标准教程》测试(一级) 听力材料

(音乐, 30 秒, 渐弱)

大家好!欢迎参加《BCT标准教程》测试(一级)。

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《BCT 标准教程》测试(一级)听力考试分四部分,共 20 题。

请大家注意, 听力考试现在开始。

第一部分

[一共5个题, 每题听两次。]

例如 / 女士

电梯

现在开始第1题/

1 水果

2. 银行

3. 九点

4. 开会

5. 再见

第二部分

[一共5个题, 每题听两次。]

例如 / 李小姐在医院工作。

现在开始第6题/

- 6. 这是我的护照。
- 7. 我下午五点下班。
- 8. 这个真好吃
- 9. 喂,李经理在吗?
- 10. 李女士, 您好!

第三部分

[一共5个题, 每题听两次。]

例如 /

A: 您的电话号码是多少?

B: 我的电话是六七三四九八零二。

现在开始第11题/

11. 女: 先生, 您的房间是三零八,

男:好的,谢谢!

12. 男:请问洗手间在哪儿?

女:往前走,电梯的右边。

13. 女:两位先生,你们来点儿什么?

男:来两杯咖啡吧。

14. 女: 您去哪儿?

男:请送我去机场。

15 里・李小姐 欢迎你来我们公司!

女:谢谢您,王先生,很高兴认识您

第四部分

[一共5个题, 每题听两次。]

例如/

王秘书是中国人, 李经理是韩国人。

问: 李经理是哪国人?

现在开始第16题/

16. 这是我的名片,我在机场工作。 问:他在哪儿工作?

17. 文件在电脑的左边。

问: 文件在电脑的哪边?

18. 李先生星期三去北京开会,星期五 回公司。

问: 李先生星期几回公司?

19. 王经理的办公室在七层七零五,您可以坐电梯去。

问: 王经理的办公室在哪儿?

20,我明天下午在公司,欢迎您来。

问: 他什么时候在公司?

听力考试现在结束。

《BCT标准教程》测 试(一级)

参考答案

一/ 听力

第一部分

第一部分				
1. ×				5. 🗸
第二部分				
6. A	7. B	8. A		
第三部分				
			14. B	15. E
第四部分				
16. A			19. B	20. C
二/ 阅读				
第一部分				
æ 마기				
ж прл 21. ×				25, ×
	22. 🗸			25. ×

第四部分

第三部分

36. A 37. B 38. E 39. D 40. F

词语表 / Vocabulary

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
啊	а	int.	used after a sentence to indicate the mood	15
八	bā	num.	eight	8
八月	bāyuè		August	10
吧	ba	int.	used at the end of a sentence to imply soliciting advice, making a suggestion or request, or giving a mild command	7
百	băi	num.	hundred	14
办公室	bàngōngshì	n.	office	11
半	bàn	num.	half	8
杯	bēi	mw.	a cup of (coffee, tea, etc.)	18
宾馆	bīnguăn	n.	hotel	11
不	bù	adv.	not; no	4
菜	cài	n.	dish	18
餐厅	cāntīng	n.	restaurant	18
层	céng	mw.	floor; layer	15
茶	chá	n.	tea	18
超市	chāoshì	n.	supermarket	19

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
吃饭	chīfàn	V.	have breakfast/lunch/dinner	10
出差	chūchāi	V.	be on a business trip	7
出租车	chūzūchē	n.	taxi	14
打	dă	V.	make (a call)	13
打印	dăyìn	V.	print	17
到	dào	V.	arrive; reach	14
的	de	part.	of (marker of attributive)	3
第一	dì-yī	num.	the first	16
点	diăn	n.	o'clock	8
点	diăn	V.	order	18
电话	diànhuà	n.	phone	13
电脑	diànnăo	n.	computer	17
电梯	diàntī	n.	elevator; lift	15
ij	dìng	V.	book; reserve	20
对不起	duìbuqĭ		l'm sorry.	6
多少	duōshao	pron.	how many; how much	13

148 / 149 BCT 标准教程 1 / 词语表

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
=		num.	two	7
二月	èryuè	n.	February	10
房间	fángjiān	n.	room	11
飞机	fēijī	n.	plane	8
服务员	fúwùyuán	n.	attendant; waiter; waitress	18
干杯	gānbēi	V.	cheers	18
高兴	gāoxìng	adj.	happy; glad; cheerful; pleased	2
↑	gè	mw.	used with nouns without specific measure words	5
		prep.	for	
给	gěi	V.	hand over; give	13
工作	gōngzuò		work	3
公司	gōngsī	n.	company; firm	2
贵	guì	adj.	used to show respect when asking some personal questions, such as about name or age	3
贵	guì	adj.	expensive; costly	14
国家	guójiā	n.	country	5

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
韩国	Hánguó	n.	South Korea	5
汉语	Напуй	n.	Chinese language	5
好	hão	a.	good; nice; well; fine	1
好吃	hăochī	adj.	delicious	18
好久	hăojiŭ	adj.	long time	4
号	hào	n.	date	10
号码	hàomă	n.	number	13
喝		V.	drink	18
和		prep.	with	10
		conj.	and	10
很	hĕn	adv.	very	2
后面	hòumiàn	n.	behind; at the back; in the rear	16
	hùzhào	n.	passport	11
欢迎	huānying	V.	welcome	2
		V.	go back	7
	huìyì	n,	meeting	7
机场	jīchăng	n.	airport .	14
Л	jĭ	pron.	how many	7

150 / 151 **BCT** 标准教程 1 / 词语表

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
见	jiàn	verb.	see see	4
见面	jiànmiàn	V.	meet	12
пц	jiào	V.	be called; be named (used when giving one's name)	3
介绍	jièshào		introduce	3
今天	jīntiān	n.	today	7
进	jìn	V.	enter	2
经理	jīnglĭ	n.	manager	3
九	jiŭ	num.	nine	8
九月	jiŭyuè	n.	September	10
咖啡	kāfēi	n.	coffee	17
开会	kāihuì	V.	have a meeting	8
看	kàn	V.	look; watch	10
可以	kěyĭ	aux.	can; may	7
客气	kèqi	adj.	polite; courteous	11
块	kuài	mw.	kuai, RMB yuan	14
来	lái	V.	come	2
来	lái	V.	used to indicate some action	18

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
7		part.	used after a verb to indicate that the action is in the past and has been completed; used at the end of a sentence to indicate changing in status	6
Þ	lĕng	adj.	cold	7,
两	liăng	num.	two	8
辆	liàng	mw.	used for automobiles	
零	líng	num.	zero	11
六	liù	num.	six	8
六月	liùyuè		June	10
吗	ma	int.	used after a sentence to indicate the interrogative mood	4
买	măi	V.	buy	19
忙	máng	adj.	busy	4
没关系	méi guānxi		That's all right.	6
没有	méiyŏu	V.	not have	13
美国	Mĕiguó	n.	the United States	5
们	men	suffix.	used to form a plural number when add to a personal pronoun or a noun	1
秘书	mìshū	n.	secretary	5
名片	míngpiàn	n.	business card	3

152 / 153 **BCT** 标准教程 1 / 词语表

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
明天	míngtiān	n.	tomorrow	4
哪	nă	pron.	which (used in front of a measure word)	5
哪儿	năr	pron.	where (used to ask place)	4
那	nà	pron.	that	3
那儿	nàr	pron.	there	7
呢	ne	int.	used after a sentence to indicate the interrogative mood	4
你	nĭ	pron.	you	1
年	nián	n.	year	12
您	nín	pron.	a polite expression of 你	1
女士	nǚshì	n.	Ms; madam; lady	1
朋友	péngyou	n.	friend	1
啤酒	píjiŭ	n.	beer	18
便宜	piányi	adj.	cheap; inexpensive	19
票	piào	n.	ticket	20
t	qī	num.	seven	8
七月	qīyuè	n.	July	10
起床	qĭchuáng	٧.	rise (from bed); get up	9

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
前面	qiánmiàn	n.	in front of, at the head; ahead	16
钱	qián	n.	money	14
请	qĭng	V.	please	
请	qĭng	V.	treat; entertain	18
请问	qĭngwèn	V.	Excuse me	
去	qù	V.	go; leave	
热	rè	adj.	hot; high in temperature	
人	rén	n.	people	5
认识	rènshi		get to know; get acquainted with	2
	rì	n.	day; date	12
日本	Rìběn	n.	Japan	5
Ξ	sān	num.	three	7
三月	sãnyuè	n.	March	10
	shàng		above; on; up	17
上班	shàngbān		start work; go to work	9
	shàngmiàn		above; on; up	17
	shàngwŭ		morning	8

154 / 155 **BCT** 标准教程 1 / 词语表

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
少	shāo	adj.	not much/many	19
什么	shénme	pron.	what	12
+	shí	num.	ten	8
十二月	shí' èryuè	n.	December	10
十一月	shíyīyuè	n.	November	10
十月	shíyuè	n.	October	10
时候	shíhou	n.	moment; time; period	12
是	shì	V.	am; is; are	3
是	shì	v.	Yes	6
手机	shŏujī	n.	mobile phone	13
刷	shuā	V.	swipe (card)	18
谁	shéi	pron.	who(m)	5
水	shuĭ	n.	water	19
水果	shuĭguŏ	n.	fruit	19
睡觉	shuìjiào	V.	sleep; go to bed	9
四		num.	four	7
四月	sìyuè	n.	April	10

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
送	sòng	V.	take; send	14
他	tā	pron.	he; him	5
她	tā	pron.	she; her	5
太	tài	adv.	too; extremely	7
天气	tiānqì	n.	weather	7
晚	wăn	adj.	late	6
晚上	wänshang	n.	evening	1
往	wăng	prep.	toward; to	16
位	wèi	mw.	used for people	3
喂	wèi	int.	used to start a dialogue over the phone	6
文件	wénjiàn	n.	document	17
问题	wèntí	n.	question; problem	19
我	wŏ	pron.	l; me	3
我们	wŏmen	pron.	we; us	2
五	wŭ	num.	five	7
五月	wŭyuè	n.	May	10

156 / 157 вст 标准教程 1 / 词语表

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
洗手间	xĭshŏujiān	n.	toilet; washroom; bathroom	16
下	xià	n.	below; under; down; next	17
下班	xiàbān	V.	finish work; get off work	9
下边	xiàbian	n.	below; under; down	17
下面	xiàmiàn	n.	below; under; down	17
下午	xiàwŭ	n.	afternoon	1
先生	xiānsheng	n.	Mr; sir; men (polite form)	1
现在	xiànzài	n.	now; nowadays; today; at present	7
小姐	xiăojiě	n.	Miss	1
谢谢	xièxie	V.	thank	2
信用卡	xìnyòngkă	n.	credit card	18
星期	xīngqī	n.	week	7
星期天	xīngqītiān	n.	Sunday	8
星期五	xīngqīwŭ	n.	Friday	7
星期一	xīngqīyī	n.	Monday	7
行	xíng	V.	OK; all right; no problem	12

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
姓	xìng	n.	surname	3
	Airig	V.	takeas surname	3
休息	xiūxi	V.	have a rest; go to bed	9
学习	xuéxí	V.	study; learn	5
也	yĕ	adv.	also; too; as well; either	3
_	yī	num.	one	7
(一) 点儿	(yì)diănr	nm.	a bit; a little	9
一下	yíxià	nm.	once; in a short while	3
一月	yīyuè	n.	January	10
医院	yīyuàn	n.	hospital	14
银行	yínháng	n.	bank	3
有	yŏu	٧.	have	12
右边	yòubian	n.	right; the right side	16
元	yuán	mw.	yuan, <i>unit of RMB</i>	14
月	yuè	n.	month	10
再见	zàijiàn	v.	goodbye; bye; see you	4
在	zài	prep.	at; in	
L.	201	ν.	be	3

158 / 159 **вст** 标准教程 1 / 词语表

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
在	zài	V.	exist; lie; be at; be on	6
早	zăo	adj.	early	9
早上	zăoshang	n.	morning	1
怎么样	zěnmeyàng	pron.	How about it? What do you think? (inquiring for comments and suggestions as an independent sentence)	19
张	zhāng	mw.	used for paper, bed, table,face, etc.	14
		v. give change		14
找	zhǎo	٧.	seek; look for	
这	zhè	pron.	this	3
这儿	zhèr	pron.	here	3
真	zhēn	adv.	indeed; really	5
知道	zhīdào	V.	know; be aware of	6
中国	Zhōngguó	n.	China	5
中午	zhōngwŭ	n.	noon; midday; noonday	10
周	zhōu	n.	week	7
周二	zhōu'èr	n.	Tuesday	7

词	拼音	词性	英文	课数
周六	zhōuliù	n.	Saturday	8
周日	zhōurì		Sunday	8
周三	zhōusān	n.	Wednesday	7
周四	zhōusì	n.	Thursday	7
住	zhù	V.	live; stay; dwell	11
桌子	zhuōzi	n.	desk; table	17
走	zŏu	V.	walk	16
左边	zuŏbian	n.	left; the left side	16
坐	zuò	V.	sit	2

普通话声韵拼合表 Table of Combinations of Initials and Finals in *Putonghua*

Finals Initials	i(11)	а	0	е	er	ai	ei	ao	ou	an	en	ang	eng	ong	i	ia	ie	iao
Ь		ba	bo			bai	bei	bao		ban	ben	bang	beng		bi		bie	biao
Р		pa	ро			pai	pei	pao	pou	pan	pen	pang	peng		рi		pie	piao
m		ma	mo	me		mai	mei	mao	mou	man	men	mang	meng		mí		mie	miao
f	101	fa	fo				fei		fou	fan	fen	fang	feng					
d		da		de		dai	dei	dao	dou	dan	den	dang	deng	dong	di	dia	die	diao
t		ta		te		tai		tao	tou	tan		tang	teng	tong	ti		tie	tiao
n		na		ne		nai	nei	nao	nou	nan	nen	nang	neng	nong	ni		nie	niao
1.		la		le		lai	lei	lao	lou	lan		lang	leng	long	li	lia	lie	liao
g		ga		ge		gai	gei	gao	gou	gan	gen	gang	geng	gong				100
k		ka		ke		kai	kei	kao	kou	kan	ken	kang	keng	kong				
h		ha		he		hai	hei	hao	hou	han	hen	hang	heng	hong				
j									N S						ij	jia	jie	jiao
q											- 4				qi	qia	qie	qiao
×															xi	xia	xie	opix
zh	zhi	zha		zhe		zhai	zhei	zhao	zhou	zhan	zhen	zhang	zheng	zhong				
ch	chi	cha		che		chai		chao	chou	chan	chen	chang	cheng	chong				
sh	shi	sha		she		shai	shei	shao	shou	shan	shen	shang	sheng					
r	ri			ге				rao	rou	ran	ren	rang		rong				
z	zi	za		ze		zai	zei	zao	zou	zan	zen	zang	zeng	zong				200.00
С	ci	ca		ce		cai		cao	cou	can	cen	cang	ceng					
S	si	sa		se		sai		sao	sou	san	sen	sang	seng	song				
		а	0	е	er	ai	ei	ao	ou	an	en	ang	eng		yi	ya	ye	удо

																er noossoom		
iou	ian	in	iang	ing	iong	u	ua	uo	uai	uei	uan	uen	uang	ueng	ü	üe	üan	ün
	bian	bin		bing		bu												
	pian	pin		ping		pu												
miu	mian	min		ming		mu												
						fu												
diu	dian			ding		du		duo		dui	duan	dun						
	tian			ting		tu		tuo		tui	tuan	tun						
niu	nian	nin	niang	ning		nu		nuo			nuan				nü	nüe		
liu	lian	lin	liang	ling		lu		luo			luan	lun			lü	lüe		
						gü	gua	guo	guai	gui	guan	gun	guang					
						ku	kua	kuo	kuai	kui	kuan	kun	kuang					
						hu	hua	huo	huai	hui	huan	hun	huang					
jiu	jian	jin	jiang	jing	jiong										ju		juan	jun
qiu	qian	qin	qiang	qing	qiong										qu		quan	qun
XIU	xian	×in	xiang	xing	xiong			,							xu		xuan	xun
						zhu	zhua	zhuo	zhuai	zhui	zhuan	zhun	zhuang					
						chu	chua	chuo	chuai	chui	chuan	chun	chuang					
						shu	shua	shuo	shuai	shui	shuan	shun	shuang					
_						ru	rua	ruo		rui	ruan	run						
						zu		zuo		zui	zuan	zun						
						cu		cuo		cui	cuan	cun						
								SUO			suan	sun						

you yan yin yang ying yong wu wa wo wai wei wan wen wang weng yu yue yuan yun

